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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT) (51) International Patent Classification 6: WO 99/31132 (11) International Publication Number: C07K 14/22, C12N 15/31 **A1** (43) International Publication Date: 24 June 1999 (24.06.99) (81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, (21) International Application Number: PCT/AU98/01031 BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, (22) International Filing Date: 14 December 1998 (14.12.98) KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, (30) Priority Data: ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TI, 12 December 1997 (12.12.97) 9726398.2 TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (71) Applicants (for all designated States except US): THE UNI-(BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, VERSITY OF QUEENSLAND [AU/AU]; St. Lucia, Bris-SN, TD, TG). bane, QLD 4072 (AU). ISIS INNOVATION LIMITED [GB/GB]; 2 South Parks Road, Oxford, Oxfordshire OX1 3UB (GB). Published With international search report. (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): PEAK, Ian, Richard, Anselm [GB/AU]; Unit 10, 81 Armadale Street, St. Lucia, QLD 4067 (AU). JENNINGS, Michael, Paul [AU/AU]; 20 Picasso Street, Carina, QLD 4152 (AU). MOXON, E., Richard [GB/GB]; 17 Moreton Road, Oxford, Oxfordshire OX2 7AX (GB). (74) Agent: FISHER ADAMS KELLY; AMP Place, Level 13, 10 Eagle Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000 (AU). (54) Title: NOVEL SURFACE PROTEIN OF NEISSERIA MENINGITIDIS (57) Abstract The invention provides a novel surface polypeptide from Neisseria meningitidis as well as nucleic acid and nucleic acid sequence homologues encoding this protein. Pharmaceutical compositions containing the polypeptide and nucleic acids of the invention are also disclosed as well as methods useful in the treatment, prevention and diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection.

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TITLE

"NOVEL SURFACE ANTIGEN"

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel polypeptides as for example obtainable from Neisseria meningitidis, to nucleotide sequences encoding such polypeptides, to the use of these in diagnostics, in therapeutic and prophylactic vaccines and in the design and/or screening of medicaments.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Neisseria meningitidis is a Gram-negative bacterium and the causative agent of meningococcal meningitis and septicemia. Its only known host is the human, and it may be carried asymptomatically by approximately 10% of the population (Caugant, D. et al, 1994, Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 32:323-30).

N. meningitidis may express a polysaccharide classification of capsule, and this allows bacteria according to the nature of the capsule There are at least thirteen serogroups of N. meningitidis: A,B,C,29-E,H,I,K,L,W135,X,Y and Z, of 90% of and C cause which serogroups A, В, meningococcal disease (Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, Infectious Agents and Disease, 4:13-28). Vaccines directed against serogroups A and C are available, but serogroup B capsular polysaccharide is poorly immunogenic and does not induce protection in humans.

Other membrane and extracellular components are therefore being examined for their suitability for

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inclusion in vaccines. Examples include the outer membrane proteins of classes 1, 2 and 3 (porins), and classes 4 (Rmp) and 5 (Opacity proteins). However, to date, none of these candidates is able to induce complete protection, particularly in children (Romero, J.D., 1994, Clinical Microbiology Review, 7:559-575; Poolman, J.T. et al, 1995, supra).

To create an effective vaccine, necessary to identify components of N. meningitidis which are present in a majority of strains, and which are capable of inducing a protective immune response (bactericidal antibodies). In this regard, reference Brodeur et al. (International be made to mav Publication WO 96/29412) who disclose a 22 kDa surface protein which is highly conserved across 99% of all known strains of N. meningitidis. Injection of purified recombinant 22 kDa surface protein protected 80% of immunized mice against development of a lethal infection by N. meningitidis. Notwithstanding the discovery of this protein, there is still a need to isolate more surface proteins of N. meningitidis which are highly conserved across a plurality of strains, and which have immuno-protective profiles against N. meningitidis, and/or which may be used in combination with other components of N. meningitidis to enhance the efficacy of protection against this organism.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present inventors have discovered a new gene which is present in all tested strains of N. meningitidis and which encodes a novel polypeptide having a predicted molecular weight of about 62 kDa. Based upon its sequence characteristics and homologies, this polypeptide is predicted to be an

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adhesin and this, together with experimental data suggests that it constitutes a surface protein which may be useful for the production of therapeutic and/or prophylactic vaccines against N. meningitidis as described hereinafter.

Accordingly, in one aspect of the invention, there is provided an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- 10 (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
 - (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
 - (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
 - (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
 - (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
 - (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
 - (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
 - (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
 - (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19; and
 - (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO21.

Preferably, said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative displays immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- 30 (i) N. meningitidis;
 - (ii) said polypeptide;
 - (iii) said fragment;
 - (iv) said variant; and
 - (v) said derivative;

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According to another aspect, the invention provides an isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of said fragment or polypeptide, according to the first-mentioned aspect. Suitably, said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:

- (1) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
- (2) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
- (3) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
- (4) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
- (5) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
- (6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
- (7) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;
- (8) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 14;
- (9) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 16;
- (10) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 18;
- (11) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 20;
- (12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and

(13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any of the foregoing sequences

Preferably, said sequences encode a product displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-

- (i) N. meningitidis;
- (ii) said polypeptide of the firstmentioned aspect;
- (iii) said fragment of said first-mentioned
 aspect;
- (iv) said variant of said first-mentioned
 aspect; and
- (v) said derivative of said firstmentioned aspect.

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In yet another aspect, the invention resides in an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to the second-mentioned aspect wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect.

In yet a further aspect of the invention, there is provided a method of producing a recombinant polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect, said method comprising the steps of:

- (A) culturing a host cell containing an expression vector according to the third-mentioned aspect such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and
- (B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.
- In a still further aspect, the invention provides an antibody or fragment thereof that binds to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
 - (1) N. meningitidis;
 - (2) said polypeptide of the first-mentioned aspect;
 - (3) said fragment of the first-mentioned aspect;
 - (4) said variant of the first-mentioned aspect; and
 - (5) said derivative of the first-mentioned aspect.

In yet another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting N. meningitidis in a biological

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sample suspected of containing same, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (B) mixing the above-mentioned antibody or fragment with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
- (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which indicates the presence of N. meningitidis.

According to a further aspect, there is provided a method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (I) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
- (II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to the second-mentioned aspect in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

The invention further contemplates a method for diagnosing infection of patients by N.

meningitidis, said method comprising the steps of:-

- (1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention; and
- 30 (2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and N. meningitidis-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of

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said complex is indicative of said infection.

The invention also extends to the use of the polypeptide according to the first-mentioned aspect, the use of the nucleic acids according to the second-mentioned aspect or the use of the antibody or antibody fragment mentioned above in a kit for detecting N. meningitidis bacteria in a biological sample.

further aspect of the According to a provided pharmaceutical invention, there is a composition comprising an isolated polypeptide fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to the first mentioned aspect.

Preferably, said pharmaceutical composition is a vaccine.

In yet a further aspect, the invention provides a method of preventing infection of a patient by N. meningitidis, comprising the step of administrating a pharmaceutically effective amount of the above-mentioned vaccine.

In a further aspect, the invention provides a method of identifying an immunoreactive fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the first mentioned aspect, comprising the steps of:-

- (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
- (b) administering said fragment to a mammal; and
- (c) detecting an immune response in said mammal which response includes production of elements which specifically bind N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, variant or

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derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

"FIG. 1 depicts plasmid maps and cloning Primers A3A and A3B (SEQ ID NOS 28 and 29, strategy. respectively) were used to amplify from MC58 region identified in the TIGR database as a homologue of AIDA-I". PCR product was cloned to give pNMAIDA3. Primers A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) were used in inverse PCR to amplify a 3kbp EagI fragment encompassing hiaNm. This product was cloned to give piEAGA3. piEAGA3 was subcloned to give piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Primers HiaNm:M and HiaNm:P (SEQ ID NOS 22 23, respectively) were used to amplify the and contiguous region from MC58 and the product cloned to Primers Hia-MBPA (SEQ ID NO 24) and create pHiaNm. Hia-MBPB (SEQ ID NO 25) were used to amplify the open reading frame of hiaNm, and the product was cloned into pMALC2 to create pMBP-HiaNm;

FIG. 2 is a Southern blot of genomic DNA of a number of strains of N. meningitidis. 2A: serogroup B strains. Lane 1 PMC28, Lane 2 PMC27, Lane 3 PMC25, Lane 4 PMC24, Lane 5 PMC16, Lane 6 PMC13, Lane 7 PMC12, Lane 8 MWt standards, Lane 9 2970, Lane 10 1000, Lane 11 528 Lane 12 SWZ107, Lane 13 H41, Lane 14 H38, Lane 15 NGH36, Lane 16 H15, Lane 17 NGG40, Lane 18 NGF26, Lane 19 NGE30, Lane 20 Lane NGE28 2B: Strains of serogroups other than B. Lane 1 PMC3, Lane 2 PMC17, Lane 3 PMC20, Lane 4 PMC23, Lane 5 PMC8, Lane 6 PMC9, Lane 7 PMC11, Lane 8 PMC14, Lane 9 PMC18, Lane 10 PMC21, Lane 11 PMC29, Lane 12 MWt standards, Lane 13 PMC19, Lane 14 PMC1, Lane 15 PMC6, Lane 16 PMC10, Lane 17 PMC22, Lane 18 PMC26, Lane 19 PMC2. Molecular

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weight markers indicated in kilobase pairs (kb). Genomic DNA was hybridized with a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1;

FIG. 3 shows a Coomassie stained gel of MBP-HiaNm. Cells containing pMALC2 (Lane 2) or pMBP-HiaNm (Lane 3) after induction with IPTG. Lane 1 molecular weight standards (kDa). Arrows indicate MBP and MBP-HiaNm;

FIG. 4 is a western blot of MC58 and MC58ΔHiaNm proteins incubated with rabbit immune sera. Lane 1; molecular weight standards indicated in kDa, Lane 2 total cellular protein of MC58, Lane 3 total cellular protein of MC58ΔHiaNm Lane 4, OMC preparation of MC58, Lane 5 OMC preparation of MC58ΔHiaNm, each lane contained 50 μL of protein suspension of A₂₈₀= 3.75;

FIG. 5 shows a Coomassie stained gel run in parallel to the gel that was Western blotted in FIG 4. Lanes are the same as for FIG 4;

FIG. 6 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptides of HiaNm, Hia, Hsf using the PILEUP alignment program; and

FIG. 7 shows a sequence comparison of polypeptide sequences of HiaNm from 10 strains of N. meningitidis using the PILEUP program

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Throughout this specification and appendant the context claims, unless requires the words "comprise", "comprises" otherwise, "comprising" will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or group of integers but not the exclusion of any other integer or group of integers.

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Polypeptide sequences

The present invention provides an isolated polypeptide according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment respectively thereof, or variant or derivative of these. In a preferred embodiment, the polypeptide, fragments, variants and derivatives of the invention display immunological activity against any one member selected from the group consisting of N. meningitidis, said polypeptide, said fragment, said variant and said derivative.

SEQ ID NO 2 corresponds to the novel about 62 kDa surface polypeptide of the hiaNm gene obtained from N. meningitidis strain MC58, as described more fully hereinafter. SEQ ID NOS 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, and 21 correspond to homologous polypeptides deduced from nucleotide sequences obtained from N. meningitidis strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

For the purposes of this invention, the term "immunological activity" refers to the ability of the polypeptide, fragment, variant aforementioned derivative to produce an immune response in a mammal to which it is administered, wherein the response includes the production of elements which specifically N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, bind fragment, variant or derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

By "isolated" is meant material which is substantially or essentially free from components which normally accompany it in its native state.

By "polypeptide" is meant long chain peptides including proteins.

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As used herein, the term "fragment" includes deletion mutants and small peptides, for example of at least 6, preferably at least 10 and more preferably at 20 amino acids in length, least which comprise antigenic determinants or epitopes. Several such fragments may be joined together. Peptides of this may be obtained through the application standard recombinant nucleic acid techniques synthesized using conventional liquid or solid phase synthesis techniques. For example, reference may be made to solution synthesis or solid phase synthesis as described, for example, in Chapter 9 entitled "Peptide Synthesis" by Atherton and Shephard which is included in a publication entitled "Synthetic Vaccines" edited by Nicholson and published by Blackwell Scientific Publications. Alternatively, peptides can be produced by digestion of a polypeptide of the invention with proteinases such as endoLys-C, endoArg-C, endoGlu-C staphylococcins V8-protease. The digested fragments can be purified by, for example, performance liquid chromatographic (HPLC) techniques.

The term "variant" refers to polypeptides in which one or more amino acids have been replaced by It is well understood in the different amino acids. art that some amino acids may be changed to others with broadly similar properties without changing the of the activity the polypeptide nature of(conservative substitutions). Exemplary conservative substitutions in the polypeptide may be made according to the following table:

TABLE 1

Original Residue	Exemplary adostructions
Ala	Ser

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Arg	Lys
	_
Asn	Gln, His
Asp	Glu
Cys	Ser
Gln	Asn
Glu	Asp
Gly	Pro
His	Asn, Gln
Ile	Leu, Val
Leu	Ile, Val
Lys	Arg, Gln, Glu
Met	Leu, Ile,
Phe	Met, Leu, Tyr
Ser	Thr
Thr	Ser
Trp	Tyr
Tyr	Trp, Phe
Val	Ile, Leu

Substantial changes in function are made by selecting substitutions that are less conservative than those shown in TABLE 1. Other replacements would be non-conservative substitutions and relatively fewer may be tolerated. Generally, these substitutions which are likely to produce the greatest changes in a polypeptide's properties are those in which (a) a hydrophilic residue (e.g., Ser or Thr) is substituted for, or by, a hydrophobic residue (e.g., Ala, Leu, Ile, Phe or Val); (b) a cysteine or proline is substituted for, or by, any other residue; (c) a residue having an electropositive side chain (e.g., Arg, His or Lys) is substituted for, or by, electronegative residue (e.g., Glu or Asp) or (d) a residue having a bulky side chain (e.g., Phe or Trp) is substituted for, or by, one having a smaller side chain (e.g., Ala, Ser) or no side chain (e.g., Gly).

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In general, variants will be at least 75% homologous, more suitably at least 80%, preferably at least 85%, and most preferably at least 90% homologous to the basic sequences as for example shown in SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21. is defined as the percentage number of amino acids identical or constitute conservative which are substitutions as defined in Table 1. Homology may be determined using sequence comparison programs such as GAP (Deveraux et al. 1984, Nucleic Acids Research 12, 387-395) which is incorporated herein by reference. In this way sequences of a similar or substantially different length to those cited herein may be compared by insertion of gaps into the alignment, such gaps for example, by the comparison being determined, algorithm used by GAP. What constitutes suitable variants may be determined by conventional techniques. example, nucleic acids encoding polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 can be mutated using either random mutagenesis for example using transposon mutagenesis, or sitedirected mutagenesis. The resultant DNA fragments are then cloned into suitable expression hosts such as E. coli using conventional technology and clones which retain the desired activity are detected. Where the clones have been derived using random mutagenesis techniques, positive clones would have to be sequenced The term "variant" in order to detect the mutation. also includes naturally occurring allelic variants.

By "derivative" is meant a polypeptide which has been derived from the basic sequence by modification, for example by conjugation or complexing with other chemical moieties or by post-translational modification techniques as would be understood in the

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art. Such derivatives include amino acid deletions and/or additions to polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 or variants thereof wherein said derivatives retain immunological activity. "Additions" of amino acids may include fusion of the polypeptides or variants thereof with other polypeptides or proteins. In this regard, it will be appreciated that the polypeptides or variants of the invention may be incorporated into larger polypeptides, and such larger polypeptides may also be expected to retain immunological activity against, for The N. meningitidis. polypeptides example, described above may be fused to a further protein, for example, which is not derived from N. meningitidis. The other protein may, by way of example, assist in the purification of the protein. For instance a polyhistidine tag, or a maltose binding protein may be used in this respect as described in more detail Alternatively, it may produce an below. response which is effective against N. meningitidis or it may produce an immune response against another Other possible fusion proteins are those pathogen. immunomodulatory response. which produce an Particular examples of such proteins include Protein A or glutathione S-transferase (GST). In addition, the polypeptide may be fused to an oligosaccharide based vaccine component where it acts as a carrier protein.

derivatives contemplated by the Other are not limited include, but invention modification to side chains, incorporation of unnatural amino acids and/or their derivatives during peptide, polypeptide or protein synthesis and the use and other methods which impose crosslinkers polypeptides, constraints the conformational on fragments and variants of the invention.

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Examples of side chain modifications the present invention contemplated by include modifications of amino groups such as by acylation with acetic anhydride; acylation of amino groups with succinic anhydride and tetrahydrophthalic anhydride; amidination with methylacetimidate; carbamoylation of amino groups with cyanate; pyridoxylation of lysine with pyridoxal-5-phosphate followed by reduction with reductive alkylation by reaction with NaBH₄; reduction NaBH₄; followed by with and aldehyde trinitrobenzylation of amino groups with 2, 4, trinitrobenzene sulphonic acid (TNBS).

The carboxyl group may be modified by carbodimide activation via 0-acylisourea formation followed by subsequent derivitization, by way of example, to a corresponding amide.

The guanidine group of arginine residues may be modified by formation of heterocyclic condensation products with reagents such as 2,3-butanedione, phenylglyoxal and glyoxal.

Sulphydryl groups may be modified by methods such as performic acid oxidation to cysteic acid; 4derivatives using formation of mercurial 4chloromercuriphenylsulphonic acid, chloromercuribenzoate; 2-chloromercuri-4-nitrophenol, chloride, phenylmercury and other mercurials; formation of a mixed disulphides with other thiol compounds; reaction with maleimide, maleic anhydride other substituted maleimide; carboxymethylation iodoacetamide; iodoacetic acid or and with carbamoylation with cyanate at alkaline pH.

Tryptophan residues may be modified, for example, by alkylation of the indole ring with 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzyl bromide or sulphonyl halides or by oxidation with N-bromosuccinimide.

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Tyrosine residues, may be modified by nitration with tetranitromethane to form a 3-nitrotyrosine derivative.

The imidazole ring of a histidine residue may be modified by N-carbethoxylation with diethylpyrocarbonate or by alkylation with iodoacetic acid derivatives.

Examples of incorporating unnatural amino acids and derivatives during peptide synthesis include but are not limited to, use of 4-amino butyric acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-5-6-aminohexanoic acid, 4-amino-3-hydroxy-6acid, phenylpentanoic norleucine, acid, t-butylglycine, methylheptanoic norvaline, phenylglycine, ornithine, sarcosine, thienyl alanine and/or D-isomers of amino acids. A list of unnatural amino acids contemplated by the present invention is shown in TABLE 2.

TABLE 2

Non-conventional amino acid	Non-conventional amino acid		
α-aminobutyric acid	L-N-methylalanine		
α-amino-α-methylbutyrate	L-N-methylarginine		
aminocyclopropane-carboxylate	L-N-methylasparagine		
aminoisobutyric acid	L-N-methylaspartic acid		
aminonorbornyl-carboxylate	L-N-methylcysteine		
cyclohexylalanine	L-N-methylglutamine		
cyclopentylalanine	L-N-methylglutamic acid		
L-N-methylisoleucine	L-N-methylhistidine		
D-alanine	L-N-methylleucine		
D-arginine	L-N-methyllysine		
D-aspartic acid	L-N-methylmethionine		
D-cysteine	L-N-methylnorleucine		
D-glutamate	L-N-methylnorvaline		
D-glutamic acid	L-N-methylornithine		
D-histidine	L-N-methylphenylalanine		
D-isoleucine	L-N-methylproline		
D-leucine	L-N-medlylserine		

D-lysine L-N-methylthreonine D-methionine L-N-methyltryptophan D-ornithine L-N-methyltyrosine D-phenylalanine L-N-methylvaline D-proline L-N-methylethylglycine D-serine L-N-methyl-t-butylglycine D-threonine L-norleucine D-tryptophan L-norvaline D-tyrosine α -methyl-aminoisobutyrate D-valine α -methyl- γ -aminobutyrate D-\alpha-methylalanine α-methylcyclohexylalanine $D-\alpha$ -methylarginine α-methylcylcopentylalanine $D-\alpha$ -methylasparagine α -methyl- α -napthylalanine α-methylpenicillamine $D-\alpha$ -methylaspartate N-(4-aminobutyl)glycine D-α-methylcysteine N-(2-aminoethyl)glycine D-α-methylglutamine N-(3-aminopropyl)glycine D-α-methylhistidine $N-amino-\alpha-methylbutyrate$ D-α-methylisoleucine α-napthylalanine D-α-methylleucine N-benzylglycine D-α-methyllysine N-(2-carbamylediyl)glycine D-α-methylmethionine N-(carbamylmethyl)glycine D-α-methylornithiine N-(2-carboxyethyl)glycine D-α-methylphenylalanine N-(carboxymethyl)glycine D-α-methylproline N-cyclobutylglycine D-α-methylserine N-cycloheptylglycine D-α-methylthreonine N-cyclohexylglycine D-α-methyltryptophan N-cyclodecylglycine D-α-methyltyrosine L-α-methylleucine L-α-methyllysine $L-\alpha$ -methylnorleucine L-a-methylmethionine L-a-methylornithine L-α-methylnorvatine $L-\alpha$ -methylphenylalanine L-α-methylproline L-α-methylthreonine L-a-methylserine $L-\alpha$ -methyltryptophan L-α-methyltyrosine L-N-methylhomophenylalanine L-α-methylvaline N-(N-(2,2-diphenylethyl)N-(N-(3,3-diphenylpropyl

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carbamylmethyl)glycine	carbamylmethyl)glycine
1-carboxy-1-(2,2-diphenyl-ethyl	
amino)cyclopropane	

The invention also contemplates covalently modifying a polypeptide, fragment or variant of the invention with dinitrophenol, in order to render it immunogenic in humans

Preferably the invention comprises a polypeptide selected from any one of the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

- Polypeptides of the inventions may be prepared by any suitable procedure known to those of skill in the art. For example, the polypeptides may be prepared by a procedure including the steps of:
- (a) preparing a recombinant nucleic acid

 containing a nucleotide sequence encoding a
 polypeptide according to any one of SEQ ID NOS 2, 5,
 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21, or fragment thereof,
 or variant or derivative of these, which nucleotide
 sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and
 translational regulatory nucleic acid;
 - (b) transfecting or transforming a suitable host cell with the recombinant nucleic acid;
 - (c) culturing the host cell to express recombinant polypeptide from said recombinant nucleic acid; and
 - (d) isolating the recombinant polypeptide.

Suitably said nucleotide sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20.

By "recombinant polypeptide" is meant a polypeptide made using recombinant techniques, i.e., through the expression of a recombinant nucleic acid.

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The term "recombinant nucleic acid" as used herein refers to nucleic acid formed in vitro by the manipulation of nucleic acid into a form not normally found in nature. In this regard, the recombinant nucleic acid preferably comprises an expression vector either which may be a self-replicating chromosomal vector such as a plasmid, or a vector which integrates into a host genome. Generally, such expression vectors include transcriptional translational regulatory nucleic acid operably linked to the said nucleotide sequence.

By "operably linked" is meant that the transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid is positioned relative to the nucleotide sequence encoding the said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative in such a manner that such transcription is initiatable. The transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid will generally be appropriate for the host cell used for expression. Numerous types of appropriate expression vectors, and suitable regulatory sequences are known in the art for a variety of host cells.

the transcriptional Typically, translational regulatory nucleic acid may include, but is not limited to, promoter sequences, leader or ribosomal binding sites, signal sequences, transcriptional start and stop sequences, translational start and stop sequences, and enhancer or activator sequences.

Constitutive or inducible promoters as known in the art are contemplated by the invention. The promoters may be either naturally occurring promoters, or hybrid promoters which combine elements of more than one promoter.

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In a preferred embodiment, the expression vector contains a selectable marker gene to allow the selection of transformed host cells. Selection genes are well known in the art and will vary with the host cell used.

The expression vector may also include a fusion partner (typically provided by the expression vector) so that the recombinant polypeptide of the invention is expressed as a fusion polypeptide with said fusion partner. The main advantage of fusion partners is that they assist identification and/or purification of said fusion polypeptide.

In order to express said fusion polypeptide, it is necessary to ligate a nucleotide sequence according to the invention into the expression vector so that the translational reading frames of the fusion partner and the nucleotide sequence of the invention coincide.

known examples of fusion partners Well limited to, glutathione-Sinclude, but are not transferase (GST), Fc potion of human IgG, maltose binding protein (MBP) and hexahistidine (HIS6), which are particularly useful for isolation of the fusion polypeptide by affinity chromatography. For fusion polypeptide purification purposes of relevant chromatography, matrices affinity affinity chromatography are glutathione-, and nickel- or cobalt-conjugated resins respectively. Many such matrices are available in "kit" form, such as the QIAexpress™ system (Qiagen) useful with (HIS₆) fusion partners and the Pharmacia GST purification system.

Another fusion partner well known in the art is green fluorescent protein (GFP). This fusion partner serves as a fluorescent "tag" which allows the

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fusion polypeptide of the invention to be identified by fluorescence microscopy or by flow cytometry. is useful when assessing tag subcellular localization of the fusion polypeptide of invention, or for isolating cells which express the fusion polypeptide of the invention. Flow cytometric methods such as fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) are particularly useful in this latter application.

Preferably, the fusion partners also have protease cleavage sites, such as for Factor Xa or Thrombin, which allow the relevant protease partially digest the fusion polypeptide of the invention and thereby liberate recombinant The liberated polypeptide of the invention therefrom. polypeptide can then be isolated from the fusion partner by subsequent chromatographic separation.

Fusion partners according to the invention also include within their scope "epitope tags", which are usually short peptide sequences for which a specific antibody is available. Well known examples of epitope tags for which specific monoclonal antibodies are readily available include c-myc, influenza virus haemagglutinin and FLAG tags.

Recombinant polypeptides of the invention may be produced by culturing a host cell transformed with an expression vector containing nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to the invention. The conditions appropriate for protein expression will vary with the choice of expression vector and the host cell. This is easily ascertained by one skilled in the art through routine experimentation.

Suitable host cells for expression may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. One preferred host cell

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for expression of a polypeptide according to the invention is a bacterium. The bacterium used may be *Escherichia coli*. Alternatively, the host cell may be an insect cell such as, for example, *SF9* cells which may be utilized with a baculovirus expression system.

The recombinant protein may be conveniently prepared by a person skilled in the art using standard protocols as for example described in Sambrook, al., MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold Spring Harbor Press, 1989), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Sections 16 and 17; Ausubel et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1994-1998), incorporated herein by reference, in particular Chapters 10 and 16; and Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN PROTEIN SCIENCE Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1995-1997) incorporated by reference herein, particular in Chapters 1, 5 and 6.

Nucleotide sequences

The invention further provides a nucleotide encodes a polypeptide, which sequence variant or derivative as defined above. Suitably said sequence is selected from the group consisting of:-SEO ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; a nucleotide sequence fragment of any one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20; and a sequence foregoing homologue of the nucleotide these sequences encode a Preferably, sequences. product displaying immunological activity as defined above.

As will be more fully described hereinafter, SEQ ID NO 1 corresponds to the hiaNm gene obtained from N. meningitidis strain MC58. This gene encodes

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the novel 62 kDa (approximately) surface polypeptide of SEQ ID NO 2. SEQ ID NO 3 corresponds to the hiaNm open reading frame sequence of strain MC58, HiaNm. SEQ ID NOS 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20 correspond to the homologous hiaNm open reading frame sequences obtained from N. meningitidis strains BZ10, BZ198, EG327, EG329, H15, H38, H41, P20, and PMC21, respectively.

The term "nucleotide sequence" as used 10 herein designates mRNA, RNA, cRNA, cDNA or DNA.

The term "nucleotide sequence homologues" nucleotide sequences refers to which generally wild-type nucleotide sequence hybridize with а the invention under substantially according to Suitable hybridization conditions. stringent conditions will be discussed hereinafter.

The nucleotide sequence homologues of the invention may be prepared according to the following procedure:

- (i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from a suitable host;
- (ii) creating primers which are optionally degenerate wherein each comprises a portion of a wild-type nucleotide sequence of the invention; and
- (iii) using said primers to amplify, via nucleic acid amplification techniques, one or more amplification products from said nucleic acid extract.

Suitably, the host may be a bacterium. Preferably, the host is from the genus Neisseria, more preferably from N. meningitidis.

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Preferably, the primers are selected from the group consisting of:-

(1) 5'-TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3' (SEQ ID NO 22);

(2) 5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3' (SEQ ID NO 23);

(3) 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAATATACCGCAT-3'

(SEQ ID NO 24);

- (4) 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO 25);
- (5) 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26);
- (6) 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27);
- (7) 5'-TTTGCAACGGTTCAGGCA-3' (SEQ ID NO 28);
- (8) 5'-TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3' (SEQ ID NO
 29);
- (9) 5'-TGCCTGAACCGTTGCAAA-3' (SEQ ID NO 30); and
- (10) 5'-CCGATACGCTGCTGAATA-3' (SEQ ID NO 31).

Suitable nucleic acid amplification techniques are well known to the skilled addressee, and include polymerase chain reaction (PCR) as for example described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, supra, Chapter 15) which is incorporated herein by reference; strand displacement amplification (SDA) as for example described in U.S. Patent No 5,422,252 which is incorporated herein by reference; rolling circle replication (RCR) as for example described in Liu et (1996, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 118:1587-1594 and International application WO 92/01813) and Lizardi et al., (International Application WO 97/19193) which are

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incorporated herein by reference; nucleic acid sequence-based amplification (NASBA) as for example described by Sooknanan et al., (1994, Biotechniques 17:1077-1080) which is incorporated herein by reference; and Q- β replicase amplification as for example described by Tyagi et al., (1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93:5395-5400) which is incorporated herein by reference.

As used herein, an "amplification product"

refers to a nucleic acid product generated by nucleic acid amplification techniques.

"Hybridize" or "hybridization" is used here to denote the pairing of complementary bases of distinct nucleotide sequences to produce a DNA-DNA hybrid, a DNA-RNA hybrid, or an RNA-RNA hybrid according to base-pairing rules.

In DNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and T; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U; and
- (ii) C and G.

In RNA-DNA hybrids, complementary bases are:

- (i) A and U;
- (ii) A and T; and
 - (iii) G and C.

Typically, substantially complementary nucleotide sequences are identified by blotting techniques that include a step whereby nucleotides are immobilized on a matrix (preferably a synthetic membrane such as nitrocellulose), a hybridization step, and a detection step. Southern blotting is used to identify a complementary DNA sequence; northern blotting is used to identify a complementary RNA

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sequence. Dot blotting and slot blotting can be used to identify complementary DNA/DNA, DNA/RNA or RNA/RNA polynucleotide sequences. Such techniques are well known by those skilled in the art, and have been described in Ausubel et al. (1994-1998, supra) at pages 2.9.1 through 2.9.20.

According to such methods, Southern blotting involves separating DNA molecules according to size by gel electrophoresis, transferring the size-separated synthetic membrane, and hybridizing the DNA to a membrane bound DNA to a complementary nucleotide labeled radioactively, enzymatically sequence dot blotting fluorochromatically. In and slot samples are directly applied to blotting, DNA synthetic membrane prior to hybridization as above.

An alternative blotting step is used when identifying complementary nucleotide sequences in a cDNA or genomic DNA library, such as through the process of plaque or colony hybridization. A typical example of this procedure is described in Sambrook et al., (1989, supra) Chapters 8-12.

Typically, the following general procedure can be used to determine hybridization conditions. Nucleotide sequences are blotted/transferred to a synthetic membrane, as described above. A wild type nucleotide sequence of the invention is labeled as described above, and the ability of this labeled nucleotide sequence to hybridize with an immobilized nucleotide sequence analyzed.

A skilled addressee will recognize that a number of factors influence hybridization. The specific activity of radioactively labeled polynucleotide sequence should typically be greater than or equal to about 10⁸ dpm/mg to provide a detectable signal. A radiolabeled nucleotide sequence

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of specific activity 10^8 to 10^9 dpm/mg can detect approximately 0.5 pg of DNA. It is well known in the art that sufficient DNA must be immobilized on the membrane to permit detection. It is desirable to have excess immobilized DNA, usually $10\mu g$. Adding an inert polymer such as 10% (w/v) dextran sulfate (MW 500,000) or polyethylene glycol 6000 during hybridization can also increase the sensitivity of hybridization (see Ausubel supra at 2.10.10).

To achieve meaningful results from hybridization between a nucleotide sequence immobilized on a membrane and a labeled nucleotide sequence, sufficient amount of the labeled a sequence must be hybridized to the nucleotide sequence immobilized nucleotide following washing. Washing ensures that the labeled nucleotide sequence is hybridized only to the immobilized nucleotide sequences with a desired degree of complementarity to the labeled nucleotide sequence.

"Stringency" as used herein, refers to the temperature and ionic strength conditions, and presence or absence of certain organic solvents, during hybridization. The higher the stringency, the higher will be the degree of complementarity between the immobilized nucleotide sequences and the labeled polynucleotide sequence.

"Stringent conditions" designates those conditions under which only nucleotide sequences having a high frequency of complementary bases will hybridize.

Typical stringent conditions include, for example, (1) 0.75 M dibasic sodium phosphate/0.5 M monobasic sodium phosphate/1 mM disodium EDTA/1% sarkosyl at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (2)

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6.0 M urea/0.4 % sodium lauryl sulfate/0.1x SSC at about 42°C for at least 30 minutes; or (3) 0.1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for at least 20 minutes; or (4) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (5) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about 60 minutes; or (6) 1x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes; or (7) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 55°C for about 60 minutes; or (8) 0.2x SSC/0.1% SDS at about 62°C for about one hour; or (9) 0.2X SSC/0.1% SDS at about 68°C for about 60 minutes. For a detailed example, see CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY supra at pages 2.10.1 to 2.10.16, and Sambrook et al. in MOLECULAR CLONING. A LABORATORY MANUAL (Cold Spring Harbour Press, 1989) at sections 1.101 to 1.104, which are hereby incorporated by reference.

While stringent washes are typically carried out at temperatures from about 42°C to 68°C, one will appreciate that other in the art skilled temperatures may be suitable for stringent conditions. Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 20°C to 20 25°C below the T_m for formation of a DNA-DNA hybrid. It is well known in the art that the T_{m} is the melting temperature, or temperature at which two complementary polynucleotide sequences dissociate. Methods estimating T_m are well known in the art (see CURRENT 25 PROTOCOLS IN MOLECULAR BIOLOGY supra at page 2.10.8). Maximum hybridization typically occurs at about 10°C to 15°C below the T_m for a DNA-RNA hybrid.

Other stringent conditions are well-known in the art. A skilled addressee will recognize that various factors can be manipulated to optimize the specificity of the hybridization. Optimization of the stringency of the final washes can serve to ensure a high degree of hybridization.

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Methods for detecting labeled nucleotide sequences hybridized to an immobilized nucleotide sequence are well known to practitioners in the art. Such methods include autoradiography, chemiluminescent, fluorescent and colorimetric detection.

Antibodies

The invention also contemplates antibodies against the aforementioned polypeptides, fragments, variants and derivatives. Such antibodies may include any suitable antibodies which bind to or conjugate with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of For example, the antibodies may invention. comprise polyclonal antibodies. Such antibodies may be prepared for example by injecting a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention into a production species, which may include mice rabbits, to obtain polyclonal antisera. Methods of producing polyclonal antibodies are well known to those skilled in the art. Exemplary protocols which may be used are described for example in Coligan et al., CURRENT PROTOCOLS IN IMMUNOLOGY, (John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 1991) which is incorporated herein by reference, and Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra), in particular Section III of Chapter 11.

In lieu of the polyclonal antisera obtained in the production species, monoclonal antibodies may be produced using the standard method as for example, described in an article by Köhler and Milstein (1975, Nature 256, 495-497) which is herein incorporated by reference, or by more recent modifications thereof as for example, described in Coligan et al., (1991, supra) by immortalizing spleen or other antibody

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producing cells derived from a production species which has been inoculated with one or more of the polypeptides, fragments, variants or derivatives of the invention.

The invention also includes within its scope antibodies which comprise Fc or Fab fragments of the polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies referred to above. the antibodies may comprise single Alternatively, chain Fv antibodies (scFvs) against the peptides of the invention. Such scFvs may be prepared, in accordance with the methods described example, respectively in United States Patent No 5,091,513, European Patent No 239,400 or the article by Winter and Milstein (1991, Nature, 349 293) which incorporated herein by reference.

The antibodies of the invention may be used for affinity chromatography in isolating natural or recombinant *N. meningitidis* polypeptides. For example reference may be made to immunoaffinity chromatographic procedures described in Chapter 9.5 of Coligan et al., (1995-1997, supra).

The antibodies can be used to screen expression libraries for variant polypeptides of the invention. The antibodies of the invention can also be used to detect N. meningitidis infection described hereinafter.

Detection of N. meningitidis

The presence or absence of *N. meningitidis* in a patient may determined by isolating a biological sample from a patient, mixing an antibody or antibody fragment described above with the biological sample to form a mixture, and detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which

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indicates the presence of *N. meningitidis* in the sample.

The term "biological sample" as used herein refers to a sample which may be extracted, untreated, treated, diluted or concentrated from a patient. Suitably, the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, serum, plasma, saliva, urine, sweat, ascitic fluid, peritoneal fluid, synovial fluid, amniotic fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, skin biopsy, and the like.

suitable technique for determining formation of the complex may be used. For example, an antibody fragment according antibody or invention having a label associated therewith may be Such immunoassays utilized in immunoassays. include, but are not limited to, radioimmunoassays (RIAs), enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) and immunochromatographic techniques (ICTs) which are well known those of skill in the art. For example, reference may be made to "CURRENT PROTOCOLS IMMUNOLOGY" (1994, supra) which discloses a variety of immunoassays that may be used in accordance with the include Immunoassays may invention. present competitive assays as understood in the art.

The label associated with the antibody or antibody fragment may include the following:

- i. direct attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment;
- ii. indirect attachment of the label to the antibody or antibody fragment; i.e., attachment of the label to another assay reagent which subsequently binds to the antibody or antibody fragment; and

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iii. attachment to a subsequent reaction product of the antibody or antibody fragment.

The label may be selected from a group including a chromogen, a catalyst, an enzyme, a fluorophore, a chemiluminescent molecule, a lanthanide ion such as Europium (Eu³⁴), a radioisotope and a direct visual label.

In the case of a direct visual label, use may be made of a colloidal metallic or non-metallic particle, a dye particle, an enzyme or a substrate, an organic polymer, a latex particle, a liposome, or other vesicle containing a signal producing substance and the like.

A large number of enzymes suitable for use labels is disclosed in United States Patent as Specifications U.S. 4,366,241, U.S. 4,843,000, U.S. 4,849,338, all of which are herein incorporated Suitable enzyme labels useful in the by reference. include alkaline invention phosphatase, present horseradish peroxidase, luciferase, β -galactosidase, glucose oxidase, lysozyme, malate dehydrogenase and The enzyme label may be used alone or in the like. combination with a second enzyme which is in solution.

Suitably, the fluorophore is selected from a group including fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), tetramethylrhodamine isothiocyanate (TRITL) or R-Phycoerythrin (RPE).

The invention also extends to a method for detecting infection of patients by *N. meningitidis*, said method comprising the steps of contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention, and determining the presence or absence of a complex

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between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and *N. meningitidis*-specific antibodies in said serum, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.

In a preferred embodiment, detection of the above complex is effected by detectably modifying said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative with a suitable label as is well known in the art and using such modified compound in a suitable immunoassay as for example described above.

In another aspect, the invention provides a method of detecting N. meningitidis bacteria in a sample suspected of containing biological bacteria, said method comprising the steps isolating the biological sample from a patient, detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.

Detection of the said nucleic acid sequence may be determined using any suitable technique. example, a labeled nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be used as a probe in a Southern blot of a nucleic acid extract obtained from a patient as is well known in the art. Alternatively, a labeled nucleic acid sequence according to the invention may be utilized as a probe in a Northern blot of a RNA extract from the patient. Preferably, a nucleic acid extract from the patient is utilized in concert with oligonucleotide primers corresponding to sense and of a nucleic acid antisense sequences sequence according to the invention, or flanking sequences thereof, in a nucleic acid amplification reaction such as PCR, or the ligase chain reaction (LCR) as for example described in International Application WO89/09385 which is incorporated by reference herein.

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A variety of automated solid-phase detection techniques are also appropriate. For example, very large scale immobilized primer arrays (VLSIPSTM) are used for the detection of nucleic acids as for example described by Fodor et al., (1991, Science 251:767-777) and Kazal et al., (1996, Nature Medicine 2:753-759). The above generic techniques are well known to persons skilled in the art.

Pharmaceutical compositions

A further feature of the invention is the fragment, polypeptide, variant the of use derivative of the invention ("immunogenic agents") as actives in a pharmaceutical composition for protecting infection bу N. meningitidis. against patients Suitably, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier.

By "pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier" liquid filler, diluent or solid or meant a encapsulating substance which may be safely used in Depending upon the svstemic administration. particular route of administration, a variety pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers, well known These carriers may be selected the art may be used. from a group including sugars, starches, cellulose and derivatives, malt, gelatine, talc, calcium its sulfate, vegetable oils, synthetic oils, polyols, buffered solutions, acid, phosphate alginic emulsifiers, isotonic saline, and pyrogen-free water.

Any suitable route of administration may be employed for providing a patient with the composition of the invention. For example, oral, rectal, parenteral, sublingual, buccal, intravenous, intraarticular, intra-muscular, intra-dermal, subcutaneous,

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inhalational, intraocular, intraperitoneal, intracerebroventricular, transdermal and the like may be employed. Intra-muscular and subcutaneous injection is appropriate, for example, for administration of immunogenic compositions, vaccines and DNA vaccines.

Dosage forms include tablets, dispersions, suspensions, injections, solutions, syrups, troches, capsules, suppositories, aerosols, transdermal patches and the like. These dosage forms may also include injecting or implanting controlled releasing devices designed specifically for this purpose or other forms implants modified to act additionally in this fashion. Controlled release of the therapeutic agent may be effected by coating the same, for example, with hydrophobic polymers including acrylic resins, waxes, higher aliphatic alcohols, polylactic and polyglycolic and certain cellulose derivatives acids hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose. In addition, the controlled release may be effected by using other polymer matrices, liposomes and/or microspheres.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention suitable for oral or parenteral administration may be presented as discrete units such as capsules, sachets or tablets each containing a predetermined amount of one or more therapeutic agents of invention, as a powder or granules or as solution or a suspension in an aqueous liquid, a nonaqueous liquid, an oil-in-water emulsion or a waterin-oil liquid emulsion. Such compositions may be prepared by any of the methods of pharmacy but all methods include the step of bringing into association one or more immunogenic agents as described above with the carrier which constitutes one or more necessary ingredients. In general, the compositions

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prepared by uniformly and intimately admixing the immunogenic agents of the invention with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the desired presentation.

The above compositions may be administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as is immunogenically-effective to protect patients from N. meningitidis infection. The dose administered to a patient, in the context of the present invention, should be sufficient to effect a beneficial response in a patient over time such as a reduction in the level of N. meningitidis, or to inhibit infection by N. meningitidis. The quantity of the immunogenic agent(s) to be administered may depend on the subject to be treated inclusive of the age, sex, weight and general health condition thereof. precise amounts of the immunogenic this regard, agent(s) required to be administered will depend on the judgement of the practitioner. In determining the effective amount of the immunogenic agent to administered in the treatment or prophylaxis against evaluate N. meningitidis, the physician may circulating plasma levels, progression of disease, and the production of anti-N. meningitidis antibodies. any event, suitable dosages of the immunogenic agents of the invention may be readily determined by those of skill in the art. Such dosages may be in the order of nanograms to milligrams of the immunogenic agents of the invention.

The above compositions may be used as therapeutic or prophylactic vaccines. Accordingly, the invention extends to the production of vaccines containing as actives one or more of the immunogenic

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agents of the invention. Any suitable procedure is contemplated for producing such vaccines. Exemplary procedures include, for example, those described in NEW GENERATION VACCINES (1997, Levine et al., Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, Basel Hong Kong) which is incorporated herein by reference.

An immunogenic agent according to the invention can be mixed, conjugated or fused with other antigens, including B or T cell epitopes of other antigens. In addition, it can be conjugated to a carrier as described below.

When an haptenic peptide of the invention is (i.e., a peptide which reacts with cognate elicit antibodies, but cannot itself an immune response), it can be conjugated with an immunogenic Useful carriers are well known in the art carrier. and include for example: thyroglobulin; albumins such as human serum albumin; toxins, toxoids or any mutant crossreactive material of the toxin from (CRM) tetanus, diptheria, pertussis, Pseudomonas, E. coli, and Streprococcus; polyamino Staphylococcus, acid); influenza; poly(lysine:glutamic as Rotavirus VP6, Parvovirus VP1 and VP2; hepatitis B virus core protein; hepatitis B virus recombinant vaccine and the like. Alternatively, a fragment or epitope of a carrier protein or other immnogenic protein may be used. For example, a haptenic peptide of the invention can be coupled to a T cell epitope of a bacterial toxin, toxoid or CRM. In this regard, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No 5,785,973 which is incorporated herein by reference.

In addition, a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative of the invention may act as a carrier

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protein in vaccine compositions directed against Neisseria, or against other bacteria or viruses.

The immunogenic agents of the invention may be administered as multivalent subunit vaccines combination with antigens of N. meningitidis, or other organisms inclusive antigens of the pathogenic bacteria H. influenzae, M. catarrhalis, E. S. gonorrhoeae, coli, pneumoniae etc. Alternatively additionally, they be or mav in concert with oligosaccharide or administered polysaccharide components of N. meningitidis.

The vaccines can also contain a physiologically-acceptable diluent or excipient such as water, phosphate buffered saline and saline.

The vaccines and immunogenic compositions may 15 include an adjuvant as is well known in the art. Suitable adjuvants include, but are not limited to: hexadecylamine, surface active substances such as amino acid octadecylamine, octadecyl esters, lysolecithin, dimethyldioctadecylammonium bromide, N, 20 N-dicoctadecyl-N', N'bis(2-hydroxyethylmethoxyhexadecylglycerol, and propanediamine), polyols; polyamines such as pyran, pluronic dextransulfate, poly IC carbopol; peptides such as muramyl dipeptide and derivatives, dimethylglycine, 25 tuftsin; oil emulsions; and mineral gels such aluminum phosphate, aluminum hydroxide or alum; lymphokines, QuilA and immune stimulating complexes (ISCOMS).

The immunogenic agents of the invention may 30 attenuated viral hosts. By expressed by "attenuated viral hosts" is meant viral vectors which either naturally, or have been rendered, are substantially avirulent. A virus may be rendered

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substantially avirulent suitable physical by any heat treatment) or chemical (e.g., means (e.g., formaldehyde treatment). By "substantially avirulent" is meant a virus whose infectivity has been destroyed. Ideally, the infectivity of the virus is destroyed without affecting the proteins which carry immunogenicity of the virus. From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that attenuated viral hosts may comprise live viruses or inactivated viruses.

Attenuated viral hosts which may be useful in a vaccine according to the invention may comprise viral vectors inclusive of adenovirus, cytomegalovirus and preferably pox viruses such as vaccinia (see for and Panicali, U.S. example Paoletti 4,603,112 which is incorporated herein by reference) and attenuated Salmonella strains (see for example Stocker, U.S. Patent No. 4,550,081 which is herein incorporated by reference). Live vaccines are particularly advantageous because they lead to a prolonged stimulus which can confer substantially long-lasting immunity.

Multivalent vaccines can be prepared from one or more microorganisms that express different epitopes of N. meningitidis (e.g., other surface proteins or epitopes of N. meningitidis). In addition, epitopes of other pathogenic microorganisms can be incorporated into the vaccine.

In a preferred embodiment, this will involve the construction of a recombinant vaccinia virus to express a nucleic acid sequence according to the invention. Upon introduction into a host, the recombinant vaccinia virus expresses the immunogenic agent, and thereby elicits a host CTL response. For example, reference may be made to U.S. Patent No

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4,722,848, incorporated herein by reference, which describes vaccinia vectors and methods useful in immunization protocols.

A wide variety of other vectors useful for therapeutic administration or immunization with the immunogenic agents of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from the present disclosure.

In a further embodiment, the nucleotide sequence may be used as a vaccine in the form of a "naked DNA" vaccine as is known in the art. For example, an expression vector of the invention may be introduced into a mammal, where it causes production of a polypeptide in vivo, against which the host mounts an immune response as for example described in Barry, M. et al., (1995, Nature, 377:632-635) which is hereby incorporated herein by reference.

Detection kits

. The present invention also provides kits for the detection of N. meningitidis in a biological These will contain one or more particular agents described above depending upon the nature of In this regard, the kits the test method employed. may include one or more of a polypeptide, fragment, variant, derivative, antibody, antibody fragment or nucleic acid according to the invention. The kits may optionally include appropriate reagents detection of labels, positive and negative controls, washing solutions, dilution buffers and the like. nucleic acid-based detection example, а include (i) a nucleic acid according to the invention (which may be used as a positive control), (ii) an oligonucleotide primer according to the invention, and

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optionally a DNA polymerase, DNA ligase etc depending on the nucleic acid amplification technique employed.

Preparation of immunoreactive fragments

The invention also extends to a method of immunoreactive fragment of identifying an polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to the invention. This method essentially comprises generating a fragment of the polypeptide, variant or derivative, administering the fragment to a mammal; and detecting an immune response in the mammal. Such response will include production of elements which meningitidis and/or specifically bind N. said derivative, and/or variant or polypeptide, protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.

Prior to testing a particular fragment for immunoreactivity in the above method, a variety of predictive methods may be used to deduce whether a particular fragment can be used to obtain an antibody that cross-reacts with the native antigen. predictive methods may be based on amino-terminal or carboxy-terminal sequence as for example described in Chapter 11.14 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra). Alternatively, these predictive methods may be based on predictions of hydrophilicity as for example described by Kyte and Doolittle (1982, J. Mol. Biol. 157:105-132) and Hopp and Woods (1983, Mol. Immunol. incorporated 20:483-489) which are by herein, or predictions of secondary structure as for example described by Choo and Fasman (1978, Ann. Rev. Biochem. 47:251-276) which is incorporated herein by reference.

Generally, peptide fragments consisting of 10 to 15 residues provide optimal results. Peptides as

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small as 6 or as large as 20 residues have worked successfully. Such peptide fragments may then be chemically coupled to a carrier molecule such as keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) or bovine serum albumin (BSA) as for example described in Sections 11.14 and 11.15 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

The peptides may be used to immunize an animal as for example discussed above. Antibody titers against the native or parent polypeptide from which the peptide was selected may then be determined by, for example, radioimmunoassay or ELISA as for instance described in Sections 11.16 and 114 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

Antibodies may then be purified from a suitable biological fluid of the animal by ammonium sulfate fractionation or by chromatography as is well known in the art. Exemplary protocols for antibody purification is given in Sections 10.11 and 11.13 of Ausubel et al., (1994-1998, supra).

Immunoreactivity of the antibody against the native or parent polypeptide may be determined by any suitable procedure such as, for example, western blot.

Functional blockers

The polypeptides according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 25 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 are believed to have adhesin properties. They in fact have some similarity to adhesins of Haemophilus influenzae which are surface Specifically they are approximately 67% antigens. the Hia protein of H.influenzae 30 homologous to S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular (Barenkamp, Microbiology 19: 1215-1233), and 74% homologous to the Hsf protein of H. influenzae (St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, Journal of Bacteriology 178: 6281-6287; and U.S.

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Patent No 5,646,259). For these comparisons, a gap weight of 3, and length weight of 0.01 was used using the GAP program (Deveraux, 1984, supra). sequences of these proteins are illustrated in FIG. 6. Thus, interruption of the function polypeptides would be of significant therapeutic benefit since they would prevent N. meningitidis bacteria from adhering to and invading cells. Interruption of the function may be effected several ways.

example, moieties such as chemical For reagents or polypeptides which block receptors on the surface which interact with a polypeptides cell according to SEQ ID NOS 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 may be administered. These compete with the Such moieties infective organism for receptor sites. polypeptides of the example comprise for may invention, in particular fragments, or functional equivalents of these as well as mimetics.

The term "mimetics" is used herein to refer to chemicals which are designed to resemble particular functional regions of the proteins or peptides. idiotypic antibodies raised against the abovedescribed antibodies which block the binding of the bacteria to a cell surface may also be used. moieties which interact with Alternatively, receptor binding sites in the polypeptides according to SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21 may effectively prevent infection of a cell by Such moieties may comprise blocking meningitidis. antibodies, peptides or other chemical reagents.

All such moieties, pharmaceutical compositions in which they are combined with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and methods of

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treating patients suffering from *N. meningitidis* infection by administration of such moieties or compositions form a further aspect of the invention.

The polypeptides of the invention may be used in the screening of compounds for their use in the For example, polypeptides of the above methods. invention may be combined with a label and exposed to a cell culture in the presence of a reagent under The ability of reagent to inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the cell surface can In such a screen, the labeled then be observed. polypeptides may be used directly on an organism such as E. coli. Alternatively, N. meningitidis itself may be engineered to express a modified and detectable The use of engineered N. form of the polypeptide. meningitidis strains in this method is preferred as it is more likely that the tertiary structure of the protein will resemble more closely that expressed in wild-type bacteria.

In order that the invention may be readily understood and put into practical effect, particular preferred embodiments will now be described by way of the following non-limiting examples.

25 EXAMPLE 1

Molecular cloning and subcloning and hiaNm mutant construction.

The hiaNm gene was initially isolated by PCR amplification using standard methods. Briefly, due to our previous work on homologues of the AIDA-I protein of E. coli (Jennings, M. et al, 1995, Microbial Pathogenesis, 19: 391-407, Peak, I. et al, Microbial Pathogenesis, in press) we performed a homology

identifying search, а sequence of interest in preliminary data from the project to sequence genome of MC58¢3 (The Institute for Genomic Research, (ftp://ftp.tigr.org/pub/data/n meningitidis/) amplified the region of homology by PCR (polymerase 5 chain reaction) using oligonucleotides A3A (5' -TTTGCAACGGTTCAGGCA-3', SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B TATTCAGCAGCGTATCGG-3', SEQ ID NO 29). The resulting 449 base pairs (bp) product was cloned into pT7Blue, to create plasmid pNMAIDA3. To clone the full length 10 gene, further oligonucleotides were designed and used These oligonucleotides in an inverse PCR reaction. were A3C (SEQ ID NO 30) and A3D (SEQ ID NO 31) and correspond to the complementary sequence of A3A (SEQ ID NO 28) and A3B (SEQ ID NO 31) respectively. 15 template for this reaction was chromosomal DNA of MC58 which had been restriction digested with EagI and then The resulting 3kbp PCR product was self ligated. cloned into the vector pCRII (Invitrogen), producing This was digested with EagI and 20 plasmid piEagA3. EcoRI and the resulting fragments of 1.4kbp and 1.6kbp cloned cloned DNA were containing pBluescriptSKII, M13minus (Stratagene), resulting in piEagA3.8 and piEagA3.9. Plasmid pHiaNm was generated by PCR amplifying hiaNm and sequence 5' and 3' to it 25 (5' oligonucleotide primers HiaNm:P using TTAGATTCCACGTCCCAGATT-3', SEQ ID NO 22) and HiaNm:M ID NO 23), (5'-CTTCCCTTCAAACCTTCC-3', SEO corresponding to nucleotide position (ntp) 113-133 and 2102-2085 respectively of SEQ ID NO 1, and cloning the 30 product into pT7Blue. Plasmid pHiaNm∆Kan was created by insertion of a kanamycin resistance cassette into the unique BqlII site of pHiaNm corresponding to ntp 680 of SEQ ID No 1. The kanamycin resistance cassette

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was excised from pUC4Kan (Pharmacia) with BamHI. pHiaNm∆Kan was transformed into N. meningitidis strain MC58 by incubating bacteria with plasmid DNA for 3 Heart hours on Brain Infusion agar (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood ("BHI plates") at 37°C in 5% CO2. A single colony was picked onto fresh selective media, grown, and used for further studies. This mutant strain is designated MC58ΔHiaNm. Disruption of the hiaNm gene in this strain was confirmed by Southern blot using a probe corresponding to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1.

EXAMPLE 2

Nucleotide sequence analysis

Nucleotide sequence analysis was performed using the PRISM Dye terminator sequencing Kit with AmpliTaq DNA polymerase FS or BigDye terminator sequencing kit as suggested by the manufacturer's instructions (Perkin Elmer), in conjunction with a model 373a automated sequencer (Applied Biosystems). strain, hiaNm was amplified each For independent PCR reactions using primers HiaNm5'A2: 5'-CCAAACCCCGATTTAACC-3' (SEQ ID NO 26) and HiaNm3'A: 5'-AATCGCCACCCTTCCCTTC-3' (SEQ ID NO 27), as indicated on FIG. 1, and corresponding to ntp 230-247 and 2114-2097 of SEQ ID No 1, and the resulting products purified This was used as template for direct and pooled. sequencing on both strands. Data were analysed using the GCG programs (Deveraux et al. (1984) Nucleic Acids Research 12, 387-395) and AssemblyLIGN (Oxford Several oligonucleotides were generated Molecular). as necessary to complete sequences. Sequences of hiaNm of 10 strains are shown in SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4,

6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, and 20, and the deduced amino acid sequences of those genes are shown in SEQ ID NO 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 and 21.

Comparison of hiaNm from these 5 indicated that they share 90-99% identity with hiaNm In addition, hiaNm of MC58 is 62% and 68% homologous to hia and hsf of Haemophilus influenzae However, in the strains examined, hiaNm is 1770-1800 This is markedly different from the hia and bp long. hsf which are 3294 and 7059 bp long respectively. 10 predicted polypeptide of hiaNm, HiaNm, also exhibits several other bacterial proteins, to homology including AIDA-I, the adhesin involved in diffuse adherence of the diarrhoeagenic Escherichia strain 2787 (0126:H27), HMW1, another Haemophilus 15 adhesin, UspAl, a high molecular weight protein of Moraxella catarrthalis, and SepA involved in tissue flexneri (Benz, I. and invasion of Shigella 1992, Molecular Microbiology 6:1539-Schmidt, M.A., 1546, Barenkamp, S.J. and Leininger, E. 1992, Infection 20 60: 1302-1313, Aebi, C. Immunity and 1997, Infection and Immunity 65: 4367-4377, Benjelloun-Touimi, Z et al 1995, Molecular Microbiology 17:123-135). Homology to these (and several other proteins) occurs over the first fifty amino acids of HiaNm. 25 Analysis of this sequence reveals the presence of a predicted signal sequence, with cleavage sites at amino acid 50 in all HiaNm sequences examined. long signal sequences are common to proteins located the outer membrane of Gram-negative bacteria 30 (Henderson, I et al, 1998, Trends in Microbiology 6: The proteins mentioned above to which the 370-8). first fifty amino acids of HiaNm is homologous are all the "autotransporter" outer-membrane members of

protein family (Henderson, I, supra). This strongly suggests that HiaNm is located in the outer membrane of N. meningitidis.

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EXAMPLE 3

Southern blot analysis

Southern blot analysis was performed using standard techniques (Sambrook et al., supra, Ausubel Briefly, genomic DNA was prepared et al., supra). from 70 strains of N. meningitidis of several serogroups, restriction digested ar.d separated agarose gel prior electrophoretically on an capillary transfer to a nylon membrane. These membranes were hybridized with a labeled probe. probe used corresponded to ntp 276-2054 of SEQ ID NO 1, encompassing the entire open reading frame of hiaNm strain MC58. This was labeled with (dioxygenin) according to manufacturer's instructions Stringent washes (Boehringer Mannheim). performed (two washes of 5 minutes at 22°C in 2 x SSC/0.1% SDS followed by two washes of 30 minutes, 68°C, 0.2 x SSC/0.1% SDS). Hybridization was detected colorimetrically using nitro-blue-tetrazolium/ bromochloryl-indolyl-phosphate (NBT/BCIP) as recommended by Signals were detected in all the manufacturer. strains examined. (FIG. 2 for example). In addition to the prototypic strain MC58, the following strains were investigated:-

30 TABLE 3

Strain Name		group	Strain name		Sero- group
PMC 3 (J1079)	2 ^x	A	NGF26	1	В

PMC17 (K874)	2	A	NGG40	1	В
PMC 20 ((H79)	2	A	Н15	1	В
PMC23 (K750)	2	A	SWZ107	1	В
PMC 12 (K852)	2	В	528	1	В
PMC 13 (K859)	2	В	2970	1	В
PMC 16 (K873)	2	В	1000	1	В
PMC 24 (K782)	2	В	MPJB28	3 ^c	В
PMC 25 (K791)	2	В	MPJB56	.3	В
PMC 27 (K816)	2	В	мрјв88	3	В
PMC 28 (K837)	2	В	MPJB157	3	В
BZ10	1 ^B	В	MPJB328	3	В
BZ47	1	В	мрјв627	3	В
BZ83	1	В	MPJB820	3	В
BZ133	1	P	мрјв945	3	В
BZ147	1	В	PMC 8 (K157)	2	С
BZ163	1	В	PMC 9 (K497)	2	С
BZ169	1	В	PMC 11 (K848)	2	С
BZ198	1	В	PMC 14 (K860)	2	С
BZ232	1	В	PMC 18 (K879)	2	С
NG3/88	1	В	PMC 21 (K656)	2	С
NG4/88	1	В	PMC 29 (K841)	2	С
NG6/88	1	В	мрјс05	3	С
EG327	1	В	MPJC14	3	c
EG329	1	В	MPJC154	3	С
DK353	1	В	мрјс302	3	С
179/82	1	В	мрјс379	3	С
66/84	1	В	PMC19	2	W
DK24	1	В	мрјw025	3	W
NGH36	1	В	PMC 1 (J603)	2 .	х
н38	1	В	PMC 6 (K131)	2	х
H41	1	В	PMC 10 (K526)	2	Y
NGE28	1	В	PMC 22 (K685)	2	Y
NGE30	1	В	PMC 26 (K810)	2	Y
NGP20	1	В	PMC 2 ((J1049)	2	Z

World Health Organization Collaborating Centre for Reference and Research on Meningococci, Oslo, Norway
 Public Health Laboratory Service Meningococcal

⁵ Reference Laboratory, Manchester, UK

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^c Brisbane Hospitals, now in strain collection of M.P. Jennings, Department of Microbiology, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Australia.

5 EXAMPLE 4

Expression and partial purification of MBP-HiaNm

plasmid vector was constructed which permitted the expression of a protein consisting of a fusion of Maltose Binding Protein and HiaNm (MBP-10 The plasmid pHiaMBP was generated HiaNm). amplifying hiaNm from MC58 using primers Hianm-MBPA 5'-GGTCGCGGATCCATGAACAAAATATACCGCAT-3' (SEQ ID NO 24) and HiaNm-MBPB 5'-TCACCCAAGCTTAAGCCCTTACCACTGATAAC-3' (SEQ ID NO 25). These primers encompass the start and 15 stop codons of hiaNm of N. meningitidis strain MC58 and engineered restriction sites for ease of cloning. and positions Plasmid restriction maps oligonucleotides are shown in FIG. 1. The resultant PCR product was ligated into BamHI/HindIII restriction 20 digested plasmid pMALC2 (New England Biolabs), and the resultant plasmid, pHiaMBP (See FIG. 1) reintroduced coli strain DH 5α . This E. coli strain containing pHiaMBP was induced to express the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein under conditions recommended by the 25 Cell extracts manufacturer (New England Biolabs). from cultures containing pHiAMBP were separated by 10% and the fusion protein was SDS-PAGE, purified by elution using the Mini-Gel Electro-eluter according to manufacturer's instructions. 30 (BioRad) Fractions containing the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein were detected by Western blot using rabbit anti-MBP sera (New England Biolabs). The purity of the HiaNm-MBP

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fusion protein was determined by SDS-PAGE followed by Coomassie staining, and the amount of recovered protein estimated by BCA assay (Sigma) or absorbance at a wavelength of 280nm.

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EXAMPLE 5

Generation of polyclonal sera

partially purified HiaNm-MBP protein obtained in Example 4 was used to generate polyclonal sera in rabbits. Samples of eluted HiaNmMBP fusion protein were dialyzed against sterile phosphate buffered saline pH 7.4, (PBS) (Sigma). This was then mixed with adjuvant (MPL+TDM+CWS, Sigma), concentration of 50-150µg/mL and inoculated at two weekly intervals into two New Zealand White rabbits. taken from these rabbits. Serum Blood was extracted by clotting at room temperature for one hour 4°C before followed by overnight incubation at centrifugation at 4000 x rpm at 4°C. The supernatant was removed and re-centrifuged. Serum was stored in aliquots at -80°C. Sera obtained were used bactericidal assays and Western blots (see below).

To test the specificity of the sera obtained, analysis was undertaken. Briefly, Western blot MC58 meningitidis strains and proteins of N. MC58ΔHianm were separated electrophoretically on SDS-PAGE before electrophoretic transfer to nitrocellulose membrane using a Semi-Dry Blotter (BioRad). These incubated sequentially with sera and then were alkaline-phosphatase conjugated anti-Rabbit IqG (Sigma) before colorimetric detection with NBT/BCIP (Sigma). These experiments demonstrated that antibodies were elicited by the HiaNm-MBP fusion protein which

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were specific for, and detected a band in, MC58 but in MC58ΔHiaNm (see FIG. 4). The predicted molecular weight of the deduced polypeptide of HiaNm is 62.3 kDa. The band detected by the sera migrates at an apparent MW in excess of 150 kDa. three of the homologous "autotransporter" proteins reported in the literature also display such anomalous migration: the high molecular weight outer membrane proteins UspA1 and UspA2 of Moraxella catarrhalis have predicted molecular weights of 62.5 kDa and 88.3 kDa respectively but migrate at 85 kDa and 120 kDa, respectively and as the UspA complex at between 350 kDa and 720 kDa (Aebi, C. et al., 1997, Infection and Immunity, 65: 4367-4377, Klingman, K.L. and Murphy, T.F., 1994, Infection and Immunity, 62: 1150-1155). Haemophilus influenzae of has Similarly, Hia predicted molecular weight of 116 kDa but when expressed in a phage, Hia migrates at greater than 200 kDa (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular Microbiology 19: 1215-1233).

In order to confirm that HiaNm is associated with the outer membrane of N. meningitidis, outer membrane complexes (omc) were prepared, essentially as previously described (van der Ley, P. et al, 1991, **59:**2963-71). Briefly, Immunity, Infection and bacteria were grown overnight on Brain Heart Infusion agar (Acumedia Manufacturer's Inc) supplemented with 10% heated horse blood BHI plates, resuspended in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0 and heat killed, before sonication to disrupt the membrane. Cellular debris were removed by 10,000 Х (rcf, relative centrifugation at q centrifugal force), and the supernatant recentrifuged at 50,000 x g. This pellet was resuspended in 1% sarkosyl/10 mM Tris pH8.4 and centrifuged at 10,000 x

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The supernatant was centrifuged at $75,000 \times g$ and q. the pellet resuspended in Tris pH 8.4, before quantification spectrophotometrically at a wavelength 280nm. An aliquot of the sarkosyl-insoluble 5 fraction, which contains outer membrane proteins, (50 μ l of A_{280} =3.75) was subjected to SDS-PAGE and Western blotted as described above. The results, shown in FIG. 4 demonstrate that reactivity with the anti-HiaNmMBP antisera is observed with wild type MC58, but 10 with MC58ΔHiaNm, in which hiaNm has been not The increase in reactivity with the inactivated. anti-HiaMBP sera observed between whole cell samples, and the omc samples containing the same amount of total protein, in MC58 cultures is consistent with the 15 membrane association of HiaNm.

EXAMPLE 6

Bactericidal assay

To determine whether the anti-HiaMBP antisera 20 contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm, bactericidal assays were performed with wild type MC58 This assay was performed by a and MC58ΔHiaNm. modification of the method described by Hoogerhout et. (1995, Infection and Immunity, 63: 3473-3478). Briefly, MC58 and MC58ΔHiaNm were grown overnight on 25 BHI plates at 37°C in 5% CO2. Bacteria from this overnight culture were subcultured under the conditions for 4-6 hours before suspension in 1 mL PBS. Numbers of bacteria were estimated by lysis of a sample in 0.2N NaOH/1% SDS and absorbance at a 30 wavelength of 260 nm, where $A_{260}=1 = 10^9$ cfu/mL. bacterial suspension was adjusted to approximately 105 cfu/mL in PBS. Rabbit sera to be tested was heat

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inactivated at 56°C for 45 minutes. Serum from four week old, New Zealand White rabbits was pooled and a source of complement (Central Animal Breeding House, University of Queensland). was carried out in sterile polystyrene flat-bottomed 96 well microtitre plate. The total volume in each well was 24 μL: 12 μL of twofold serially diluted serum in PBS and 6 µL of bacterial suspension (containing between 300-900 bacteria). Sera and bacteria were incubated at room temperature for 10 minutes before addition of 6 µL of 80% complement in PBS (final concentration 20% vol/vol). Controls were bacteria and complement, b) PBS, bacteria and serum. After addition of all components and mixing, a 7 μ L aliquot from each control well was spread on a BHI plate. The microtitre plate was then incubated at 37°C in 5% CO_2 for 60 minutes. After this incubation, a 7 µL aliquot from each well was spread on BHI plates. All BHI plates were then incubated for 14-18 hours at 37°C in 5% CO₂, and bacterial colonies counted. Serum bactericidal killing is reported as the highest reciprocal dilution at which at least 90% of bacteria were killed. Serum used was from the same rabbit and used for Western blot the same test bleed as experiments as reported in Example 5 above. experiments consistently demonstrated reduced titers (approximately 3 fold, Table 4) of killing against MC58ΔHiaNm in comparison to the wild type strain, MC58. indicating that the anti-HiaMBP antisera contained bactericidal antibodies specific for HiaNm.

TABLE 4

CONTRACTOR SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY	Established High To 2 market and the second
STRAIN	111KL
 Annixonos J. Section 6564 6565 Minimator (2000) 1000 	

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MC58	12 (+/- 4.6)
MC58ΔHiaNm	3.5 (+/- 1)

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^a Mean of four independent experiments

DISCUSSION

Repetitive DNA has been associated with virulence determinants in some pathogenic bacteria. Southern blots using such a repetitive DNA motif revealed the presence of at least three loci which contained this motif in N. meningitidis strain MC58 (Peak, I. et al., 1996, FEMS Microbiology Letters, These genes were cloned and sequence 137:109-114). analysis of two of these repeat associated loci (nmrep2 and nmrep3) revealed open reading frames of approximately 670 amino acids (Jennings, M. et al, 1995, Microbial Pathogenesis, 19: 391-407, Peak, I. et Microbial Pathogenesis, in press). exhibited homology to each other and homology to the carboxyl-terminal of the adhesin AIDA-I of E. coli. The carboxyl-AIDA-I is 1286 amino acids long. terminal region constitutes a putative outer membrane transport domain and the amino-terminal domain of the mature protein constitutes the adhesin domain. amino-terminal domain crosses the membrane through the putative transport domain and is designated the passenger domain.

As Nmep2 and Nmep3 share sequence homology with the transporter domain of AIDA-I, they are thought to form membrane pores. Nmrep2 and Nmrep3 are approximately half the size of AIDA-I, and are homologous to the membrane spanning domain of AIDA-I. We hypothesized that there existed in N. meningitidis

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a locus with homology to the amino-terminal domain of AIDA-I. We searched for such a homologue in the data from the project to sequence N. meningitidis strain MC58¢3 (TIGR, supra) and found one region with homology to a gene designated AIDA-I in Haemophilus influenzae strain Rd (HI1732) because of its homology to AIDA-I of E. coli, (Fleischmann et. al., 1995 Science 269:496-512,). In view of the homologies noted above, the applicants decided to investigate further.

The gene was initially isolated by PCR amplification of the DNA corresponding to the 471 base pair fragment, named gnmaa84r, from N. meningitidis MC58 3 and the sequence was confirmed. Further PCR experiments enabled larger fragments to be amplified. These were cloned and sequence analysis undertaken as shown in FIG 1. The gene exhibited homology to the region of AIDA-I of E. coli and we amino-terminal designated it aida3, as it represented the third AIDA-I homologue in N. meningitidis (with nmrep2 and nmrep3). Since then, the discovery of two further genes, hia and hsf from H. influenzae has been published (Barenkamp, S. and St. Geme III, J. 1996 Molecular Microbiology 19: 1215-1233, St. Geme III, J. et al, 1996, Journal of Bacteriology 178: 6281-6287), to which aida3 is more similar. We have therefore redesignated this gene hiaNm. (HI1732, the H. influenzae gene first identified as an homologue of AIDA-I has also been re-designated hia in light of the reports of Barenkamp and St. Geme III).

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Throughout the specification the aim has been to describe the preferred embodiments of the invention without limiting the invention to any one embodiment or specific collection of features. It will therefore

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be appreciated by those of skill in the art that, in light of the instant disclosure, various modifications and changes can be made in the particular embodiments exemplified without departing from the scope of the present invention. All such modifications and changes are intended to be included within the scope of the appendant claims

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CLAIMS

1.	An isolated	polypep	tide or	fragment	thereof,
or	variant or derivat	ive of	these,	said po	lypeptide
sel	ected from the group	consi	sting of	:	

- (a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
- (b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
- (c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
- (d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
- (e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
- (f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
- (g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
- (h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
- (i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19; and
- 15 (j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.
 - 2. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
 - (i) N. meningitidis;
 - (ii) said polypeptide;
 - (iii) said fragment;
 - (iv) said variant; and
- 25 (v) said derivative;

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- 3. A polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1, displaying immunological activity against N. meningitidis.
- 4. An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a polypeptide or fragment thereof, or variant or derivative of these, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

	(a) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 2;
	(b) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 5;
	(c) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 7;
	(d) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 9;
5	(e) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 11;
	(f) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 13;
	(g) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 15;
	(h) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 17;
	(i) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 19;
10	and
	(j) a polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO 21.
	5. An isolated nucleic acid sequence according
	to claim 4, encoding a product displaying
15	immunological activity against one or more members
	selected from the group consisting of:-
	(i) N. meningitidis;
	<pre>(ii) said polypeptide;</pre>
	<pre>(iii) said fragment;</pre>
20	(iv) said variant; and
	<pre>(v) said derivative.</pre>
	6. An isolated nucleic acid sequence according
	to claim 4, encoding a product displaying
25	immunological activity against N. meningitidis.
	7. An isolated nucleic acid sequence selected
	from the group consisting of:
	(1) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 1;
30	(2) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 3;
	(3) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 4;
	(4) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 6;
	(5) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 8;
	(6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 10;
35	(7) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 12;

	(6) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 14,
	(9) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 16;
	(10) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 18;
	(11) the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO 20;
5	(12) a nucleotide sequence fragment of any
	one of SEQ ID NOS 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12,
	14, 16, 18 and 20; and
	(13) a nucleotide sequence homologue of any
	of the foregoing sequences
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	 A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7,
	encoding a product displaying immunological activity
	against one or more members selected from the group
	consisting of:-
15	(i) N. meningitidis;
	<pre>(ii) said polypeptide;</pre>
	<pre>(iii) said fragment;</pre>
	(iv) said variant; and
	<pre>(v) said derivative.</pre>
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	 A nucleic acid sequence according to claim 7,
	encoding a product displaying immunological activity
	against N. meningitidis.
25	10. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 7, wherein
	said homologue is obtained from the genus Neisseria.
	11. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 5 or claim
	7, wherein said homologue is obtained from a strain of
30	N. meningitidis.
	12. A method of obtaining a nucleotide sequence
	homologue comprising the steps of:-
	(i) obtaining a nucleic acid extract from
-35	a suitable host;

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(ii)	creating primers which are optionally
	degenerate wherein each comprises a
	portion of a nucleic acid sequence
	according to claim 5 or claim 7; and
(iii)	using said primers to amplify, via

- (iii) using said primers to amplify, via a nucleic acid amplification technique, one or more amplification products from said nucleic acid extract.
- 10 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from the genus Neisseria.

- 14. The method of claim 12, wherein said nucleic acid extract is obtained from a strain of N.
 15 meningitidis.
 - 15. The method of claim 12, wherein said primers are selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and 31.
- 20
 16. The method of claim 12, wherein the nucleic acid amplification technique is PCR.
- 17. An expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.
- 18. A host cell transfected or transformed with an expression vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7, wherein said sequence is operably linked to transcriptional and translational regulatory nucleic acid.

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- 19. A method of producing a recombinant polypeptide comprising the steps of:
 - (A) culturing a host cell according to claim 18 such that said recombinant polypeptide is expressed from said nucleic acid; and
 - (B) isolating said recombinant polypeptide.
- 20. An antibody or antibody fragment which binds 10 to one or more members selected from the group consisting of:-
 - (1) N. meningitidis;
 - (2) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (3) a fragment of said polypeptide;
 - (4) a variant of said polypeptide or said fragment; and
 - (5) a derivative of said polypeptide or said fragment.
- 20 21. The antibody of claim 20, wherein said antibody or antibody fragment binds N. meningitidis.
 - 22. A method of detecting N. meningitidis in a biological sample suspected of containing same, said method comprising the steps of:-
 - (A) isolating the biological sample from a patient;
 - (B) mixing the antibody or antibody fragment of claim 20 or claim 21 with the biological sample to form a mixture; and
 - (C) detecting specifically bound antibody or bound fragment in the mixture which indicates the presence of N. meningitidis.

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- 23. A method of detecting *N. meningitidis* bacteria in a biological sample suspected of containing said bacteria, said method comprising the steps of:-
 - (I) isolating the biological sample from
 a patient;
 - (II) detecting a nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 in said sample which indicates the presence of said bacteria.
- 24. A method for diagnosing infection of patients by N. meningitidis, said method comprising the steps of:-
 - (1) contacting a biological sample from a patient with a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1; and
 - (2) determining the presence or absence of a complex between said polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative and N. meningitidis-specific antibodies in said sample, wherein the presence of said complex is indicative of said infection.
- 25. Use of the polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
 - 26. Use of the nucleic acid sequence according to claim 4 or claim 7 for the manufacture of a kit for

the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.

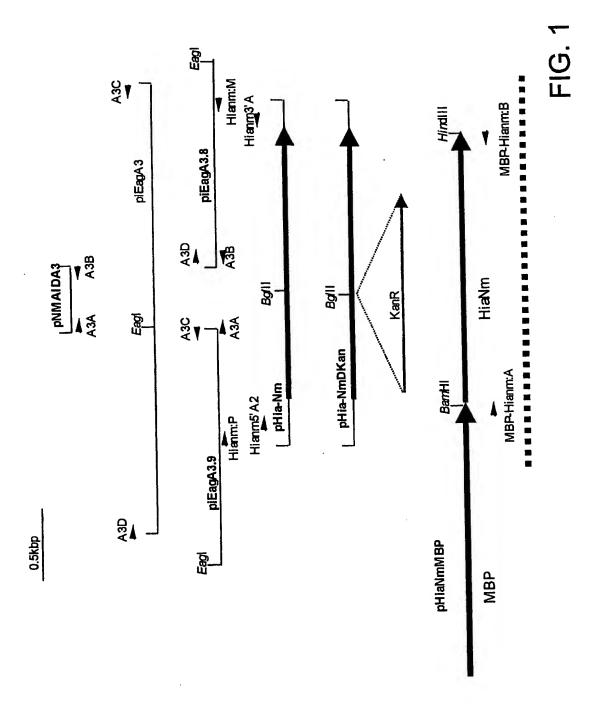
- 27. Use of one or more oligonucleotide primers selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, and optionally a thermostable polymerase, in a kit for the detection or diagnosis of *N. meningitidis* infection in humans.
- 10 28. Use of the antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the manufacture of a kit for the detection or diagnosis of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 15 29. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of a polypeptide, fragment, variant or derivative according to claim 1 for the prevention or treatment of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 30. Use of a pharmaceutically effective amount of an antibody or antibody fragment according to claim 20 or claim 21 for the prevention or treatment of N. meningitidis infection in humans.
- 25 31. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an isolated polypeptide or fragment thereof, or a variant or derivative of these, according to claim 1.
- 32. The pharmaceutical of claim 31, which is a vaccine.
 - 33. A method of preventing or treating infection of a patient by N. meningitidis, comprising the step

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of administrating a pharmaceutically effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 32.

- 34. A method of identifying an immunoreactive fragment of a polypeptide, variant or derivatives according to claim 1, comprising the steps of:-
 - (a) generating a fragment of said polypeptide, variant or derivative;
 - (b) administering said fragment to a mammal; and

detecting an immune response in said mammal which response includes production of elements which specifically bind N. meningitidis and/or said polypeptide, variant or derivative, and/or a protective effect against N. meningitidis infection.



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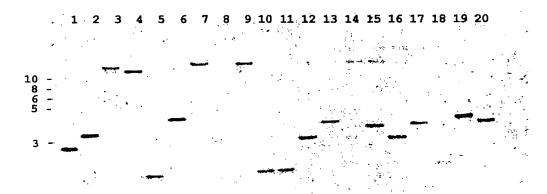


FIG. 2A

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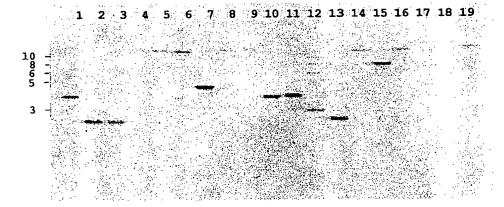


FIG. 2B

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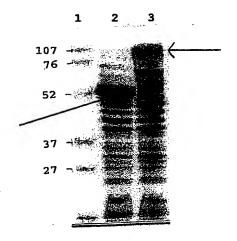


FIG. 3

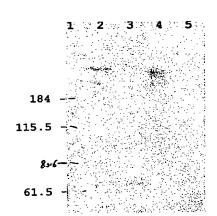


FIG. 4

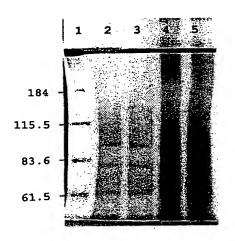


FIG. 5

FIG.	6	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	1 MNKIFNVIWN VMTQTWVVVS ELTRTHTKRA SATVETAVLA TLLFATVQ MNKIFNVIWN VVTQTWVVVS ELTRTHTKCA SATVAVAVLA TLLSATVE MNKIYRIIWN SALNAWVVVS ELTRNHTKRA SATVKTAVLA TLLFATVQ	IAN
Hsf Hia HiaNm	51 ATDEDEELDP VVRTAPVLSF HSDKEGTGEK EVTENSNWGI YFDNKGVI A	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	101 GAITLKAGDN LKIKONTDES TNASSFTYSL KKDLTDLTSV ATEKLSFO	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	GDKVDITSDA NGLKLAKTGN GNVHLNGLDS TLPDAVTNTG VLSSSSFT	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	201 DVEKTRAATV KDVLNAGWNI KGAKTAGGNV ESVDLVSAYN NVEFITG	250 DKN
Hsf Hia HiaNm	251 TLDVVLTAKE NGKTTEVKFT PKTSVIKEKD GKLFTGKENN DTNKVTS	• • •
Hsf Hia HiaNm	301 TDNTDEGNGL VTAKAVIDAV NKAGWRVKTT TANGQNGDFA TVASGTN	• • •
Hsf Hia HiaNm	351 ESGDGTTASV TKDTNGNGIT VKYDAKVGDG LKFDSDKKIV ADTTALT	• •
Hsf Hia HiaNm		45 KDQ
Hsf Hia HiaNm		50 GND
Hsf Hia	T.	V41

FIG.	e cont. a
Hsf Hia HiaNm	551 DANFDVLNNS ATDLNRHVED AYKGLLNLNE KNANKQPLVT DSTAATVGDL DANFNFTNNS IADAEKQVQE AYKGLLNLNE KNASDKLLVE DNTAATVGNLNN ERPRKKDLYL DPVQRTVAVL
Hsf Hia HiaNm	650 RKLGWVVSTK NGTKEE.SNQ VKQAD.EVLF TGAGAATVTS KSENGKHTIT RKLGWVLSSK NGTRNEKSQQ VKHAD.EVLF EGKGGVQVTS TSENGKHT IVNSDK EGT.GEKEKV EENSDWAVYF NEKGVLT
Hsf Hia HiaNm	651 700 VSVAETKADC GLEKDGDTIK LKVDNQNTDN VLTVGNNGTA VTKGGFETVK
Hsf Hia HiaNm	701 750 TGATDADRGK VTVKDATAND ADKKVATVKD VATAINSAAT FVKTENLTTS
Hsf Hia HiaNm	751 IDEDNPTDNG KDDALKAGDT LTFKAGKNLK VKRDGKNITF DLAKNLEVKT
Hsf Hia HiaNm	801 AKVSDTLTIG GNTPTGGTTA TPKVNITSTA DGLNFAKETA DASGSKNVYI ATVSDTLTIG GGAAAGATT. TPKVNVTSTT DGLKFAKDAA GANG SVGTEKLSFS ANGNKVNITSDT KGLNFAKETA GTNG
Hsf Hia HiaNm	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	
Hsf Hia Hia N m	
Hsf Hia HiaNm	
Hsf Hia	1051 GDGLKIGDDK KIVADTTTLT VTGGKVSVPA GANSVNNNKK LVNAEGLAT

FIG.	6 cont'd
•	1101 1150
Hsf	LNNLSWTAKA DKYADGESEG ETDQEVKAGD KVTFKAGKNL KVKQSEKDFT
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1151 1200
Hsf	YSLQDTLTGL TSITLGGTAN GRNDTGTVIN KDGLTITLAN GAAAGTDASN
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1201 1250
Hsf	GNTISVTKDG ISAGNKEITN VKSALKTYKD TQNTADETQD KEFHAAVKNA
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1251 1300
Hsf	NEVEFVGKNG ATVSAKTDNN GKHTVTIDVA EAKVGDGLEK DTDGKIKLKV
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1301 1350
Hsf	DNTDGNNLLT VDATKGASVA KGEFNAVTTD ATTAQGTNAN ERGKVVVKGS
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1351
Hsf	NGATATETDK KKVATVGDVA KAINDAATFV KVENDDSATI DDSPTDDGAN
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1401
Hsf	DALKAGDTLT LKAGKNLKVK RDGKNITFAL ANDLSVKSAT VSDKLSLGTN
Hia	
HiaNm	
	1451
Hsf	GNKVNITSDT KGLNFAKDSK TGDDANIHLN GIASTLTDTL LNSGATTNLG
Hia	VHLN GIGSTLTDTL VGSPATHIDG
HiaNm	VHLN GIGSTLTDTL LNTGATTNVT
	1501
Hsf	CNGTTDNEKK RAASVKDVIN AGWNVRGVKP ASANNQVENI DEVATYDTVD
Hia	CDOSTRY T BAASTKOVIN AGWNIKGVKA GSTTGQSENV DEVHTYDIVE
HiaNm	
	1551
Hsf	FUSCOKOTTS VIVESKONGK RIEVKIGAKI SVIKDHNGKL FIGKELKDAN
Hia	ET CADDEDOOR VOODSKENCK REEVKIGAKT SVIKEKDGAD FIGAMALIN
HiaNm	
	1601
Hsf	ANGERER OF CHRECKGIVT AKAVIDAVNK AGWRVKTTGA NGQNDDF
712 -	TO CANATE DADECKGIVT AKDVIDAVNK TGWRIKTTDA NGQNGD
HiaNm	COLGANATE DADBOROSVI INCOMENTAL NGOTGOADKE

	107.10
FIG.	6 cont'd
	1651 1700
Hsf	ATVASGTNVT FADGNGTTAE VTKANDGSIT VKYNVKVADG LKLDGDKIVA
	ATVASGINVI FABGNGITAT VINGIDGSIT VKINVINDO MADDOKINA ATVASGINVI FASGNGITAT VINGIDG.IT VKYDAKVGDG LKLDGDKIAA
Hia	ATVASGINVI FASGNGITAT VINGIDG.II VKIDAKVGDG LKLDGDKLAA
HiaNm	ETVTSGTNVT FASGKGTTAT VSKDDQGNIT VMYDVNVGDA LNVNQ
	1701 1750
Hsf	DTTVLTVADGKV TAPNNGDGKK FVDASGLADA LNKLSWTATA
Hia	DTTALTVNDG KNANNPKGKV ADVASTDEKK LVTAKGLVTA LNSLSWTTTA
HiaNm	
man	
	1751 1800
w £	GKEGTGEVDP ANSAGQEVKA GDKVTFKAGD NLKIKQSGKD FTYSLKKELK
Hsf	GREGTGEVUP ANSAGUEVAA GDAVIFAAGD NALAKOSGAD FITSHALLISA
Hia	AEADGGTLD. GNASEQEVKA GDKVTFKAGK NLKVKQEGAN FTYSLQDALT
HiaNm	GSSGKVIS GNVSPSKGKM DETVNINAGN NIEITRNGKN IDIATSMT

	1801 1850
Hsf	.DLTSVEFKD ANGGTGSEST KITKDGLTIT PANGAGAAGA NTANTISVTK
Hia	GLTSITLGT GNNGAKT EINKDGLTIT PANGAGA NNANTISVTK
HiaNm	ACA D ADOT CV
11Lam	TQTDD TODGE TOTAL
	1851
	DGISAGNKAV TNVVSGLKKF GDGHTLANGT VAD.FEKHYD NAYKDLTNLD
Hia	DGISAGGQSV KNVVSGLKKF GDANFDPLIS SADMLINGMO DAINGDIMDD
HiaNm	
	1050
	1901 1950
Hsf	EKGADNN.PT VADNTAATVG DLRGLGWVIS ADKTTGEPNQ EYNAQVRNAN
Hia	PUDOVDNAN
HiaNm	
II.L CANTE	
	1951 2000
17_£	EVKFKSGNGI NVSGKTLNGT RVITFELAKG EVVKSNEFTV KNADGSETNL
Hsf	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
Hia	
${\tt HiaNm}$	DGDAL NVGSK
	2050
Hsf	VKVGDMYYSK EDIDPATSKPMTGKTE KYKVENGKVV SANGSKTEVT
Hia	WAYGORYYGK EDIDITTGOP KLKDGNTVAA KYODKGGKVV SVID.NILAI
HiaNm	THIRDU D
112 011 1111	
	2051
Hsf	I THINK COCYUTT CHOWADATAK SCFELGLADA AEAEKAFAES AKDKQLSKDK
HSI	ITNKGSGYVT GNQVADAIAK SGFELGLADE ADAKRAFDDKTKALSAGT
на	TTNVAPG
HiaNm	ITNVAPG
	2150
	2101
Hsf	AETVNAHDKV RFANGLNTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTFV KTDVELPLTQ
Hia	TETVNAHDKV REANGLINTKV SAATVESTDA NGDKVTTTEV KIDVELELLQ
HiaNm	
112 41111	
	2151
	THE POLICE AND COUNTY OF MENTING MUDANGKKUV
Hsf	TO THE PERSON OF TAXABLE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PERSON OF THE PERSON OF TAXABLE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Hia	TANADANGKK TANANDON KATERINDA ARITHMATE
HiaNm	VKEGD.

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FIG. 6 cont'd

Hsf	2201 KVTENGADKW				
Hia	KDNDGKW	YHAKADGTAD	KTKGEVSNDK	VSTDEKHVVS	LDPNDQSKGK
HiaNm		• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
	2251				2300
Hsf	GVVIDNVANG	EISATSTDAI	NGSQLYAVAK	GVTNLAGQVN	NLEGKVNKVG
Hia			NGSQLYAVAK		
HiaNm	VTNVA				
					2350
	2301				
Hsf	KRADAGTASA	LAASQLPQAT	MPGKSMVAIA	GSSYQGQNGL	AIGVSRISDN
Hia	KRADAGTASA	LAASQLPQAT	MPGKSMVAIA	GSSYQGQNGL	AIGVSRISDN
${\tt HiaNm}$	GNARAGIAQA	IATAGLVQAY	LPGKSMMAIG	GGTYRGEAGY	AIGYSSISDG
	2351		2378		
Hsf		TNSQGKTGVA	AGVGYOW*		
		TNSQGKTGVA			
Hia					
HiaNm	GNWIIKGTAS	GNSRGHFGAS	WOAGIOM		

ਸਾਸ	C		7
$r \perp$	J	•	•

					50
200	1	G 2 7 112 E T T T T T T	ex mostrimico s	CAMMIUMANT A	
eg329	MNEILRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA ELTRNHTKRA		
pmc21	MNKIYRIIWN				
HiaNm	MNKIYRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA		
h15	MNKIYRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA		
BZ10	MNKISRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
bz198	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLFATVQAN
eg327	MNKIYRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA		
h38	MNKIYRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA		
h41	MNKIYRIIWN		ELTRNHTKRA		
p20	MNKIYRIIWN	SALNAWVVVS	ELTRNHTKRA	SATVATAVLA	TLLSATVQAN
	51				100
220		LYLDPVLRTV	AVIT.TVINSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	
eg329	WINE EVEED	LYLDPVQRTV	AVIIIVNSDKE	GTGEKEKVEE	
pmc21	ANNE DEDENE	LYLDPVQRTV	AVIII VNODKE		NSDWAVYFNE
HiaNm	ANNERPRAND	LYLEPVQRTA	VATIANDEED KE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
h15	ATDDD	LYLEPVORTA	AATSEKSDEE	GTGEKE.GTE	DSNWAVYFDE
BZ10	עטעיע	LYLEPVORTA	AATSEKSDKE		DSNWAVYFDE
bz198	ATDDDD	LYLEPVORTA	AATSEVSDLE		DSNWGVYFDK
eg327	TTDDDD	LYLEPVORTA	AATSEKSDVE	GNGENE.STG	
h38	ATDEDEE	EELEPVVRSA	TATACTOREME	GSVELETI	SLSMTNDS
h41	ATDEDEE	EELESVQRS.	VVGSIQASME		DIGWSIYYDD
p20	ATDTDED	EELESVARSA	LVLQFMIDKE	GNGEIE.51G	DIGMSITION
	101				150
eg329	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ	NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
pmc21	KGVLTA.REI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ	NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
HiaNm	KGVLTA.REI		KQ	NGTNFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h15	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KONTNENTNE		LKKDLTDLTS
BZ10	KRVLKA.GAI		KONTNENTNE		LKKDLTDLTS
bz198	KRVLKA.GAI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
eg327	KGVLTA.GTI	TLKAGDNLKI	KQNTNE	NTNASSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h38	HNTLHG.ATV	TLKAGDNLKI	KONTNKNTNE	NTNDSSFTYS	LKKDLTDLTS
h41	KEFVDPYIVV		KQNTNE		LKKDLTGLIN
p20	HNTLHG.ATV	TLKAGDNLKI	KQ	SGKDFTYS	LKKELKDLTS
	4.5.1	•			200
	151	NICHTER TOTAL	THE TAKET	ACTINGTOTIVH	LNGIGSTLTD
eg329		NGNKVNITSI			LNGIGSTLTD
pmc21		NGNKVNITSI			LNGIGSTLTD
HiaNm		A NGNKVNITSI			LNGIGSTLTD
h15		NGNKVNITSI			LNGIGSTLTD
BZ10		NGNKVNITSI		ACTINODETVI	LNGIGSTLTD
bz198		A NGNKVNITSI			LNGIGSTLTD
eg327		A NSNKVNITS			LNGIGSTLTD
h38	VETEKLSFG	A NGNKVNITS	D TKGLNFAKET	, VCMMCDALLAL	LNGIGSTLTD
h41		A NGKKVNIIS	D TKGLNFAKET	. WGINGDIIAL	I LNGIGSTLTD
p20	VETEKLSFG	A NGNKVNITS	D TRGENTAKET	MOTHODETAL	. THETOTIETE

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FIG. 7 cont'd

	201				250
eg329		VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
pmc21	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
HiaNm	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
h15	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
BZ10	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
bz198	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
eg327	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
h38	TLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDK	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
h41	MLLNTGATTN	VTNDNVTDDE	KKRAASVKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KPGTTASD
p20	TLAGSSASHV	DAGNOSTHY.	.TRAASIKDV	LNAGWNIKGV	KTGSTTGQSE
•					
	251				300
eg329		VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
pmc21	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
HiaNm	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h15		VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
BZ10	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
bz198		VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
eg327	NVDFVRTYDT		TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h38		VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
h41		VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN		KTSVIKEKDG
p20	NVDFVRTYDT	VEFLSADTKT	TTVNVESKDN	GKRTEVKIGA	KTSVIKEKDG
	201				350
220	301 KLVTGKDKGE	NGSSTDEGEG	TATENTOA	VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
eg329	KLVTGKDKGE			VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
pmc21	KLVTGKDKGE			VNKAGWRMKT	
HiaNm	KLVTGKDKGE			VNKAGWRMKT	
h15	KLVTGKGKGE			VNKAGWRMKT	
BZ10	KLVTGKGKDE	:		VNKAGWRMKT	
bz198	KLVTGKDKG			VNKAGWRMKT	
eg327 h38	KLVTGKGKG	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		VNKAGWRMKT	TTANGQTGQA
h41	KLVTGKGKG	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA		
p20	KT ALGKGKG	NGSSTDEGEG	LVTAKEVIDA	VNKAGWRMKI	TTANGQTGQA
p20	KTALGEGIG	, MODDIDECE			
	351				400
eg329	DKFETVTSG	r nvtfasgkgi	TATVSKDDQQ	NITVMYDVN\	J GDALNVNQLQ
pmc21	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDQ	NITVMYDVN'	/ GDALNVNQLQ
HiaNm	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDQC	NITVMYDVNV	J GDALNVNQLQ
h15	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDO	NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
BZ10	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDO	3 NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
bz198	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDO	S NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
eg327	DKFETVTSG	-	TATVSKDDO	G NITVMYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
h38	DKFETVTSG		T TATVSKDDO	G NITVKYDVN	v gdalnvnglq
h41	DKFETVTSG		TATVSKDDO	G NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
p20	DKFETVTSG		T TATVSKDDQ	G NITVKYDVN	V GDALNVNQLQ
220		-			

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FIG. 7 cont'd

	401				450
220	NSGWNLDSKA	INCCCCINTS	CMVSDSKCKM	DETVNINAGN	
eg329	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
pmc21	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
HiaNm				DETVNINAGN	
h15	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
BZ10	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
bz198	NSGWNLDSKA		GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	MICITIMOM
eg327	NSGWNLDSKA				
h38	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
h41	NSGWNLDSKA			DETVNINAGN	
p20	NSGWNLDSKA	VAGSSGKVIS	GNVSPSKGKM	DETVNINAGN	NIEITRNGKN
	451				500
200		FSSVSLGAGA	מתעמ משת מ	AT.MVGSKKD	NKPVRITNVA
eg329	IDIATSMIPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DATIES ADED		NKPVRITNVA
pmc21	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DVE ITPADGE		NKPVRITNVA
HiaNm	IDIATSMIPQ	122A2TGYGY	DWEITSADGE		NKPVRITNVA
h15	IDIATSMIPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DALLIPANDE		NKPVRITNVA
BZ10	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
bz198	IDIATSMAPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE		NKEVRITNVA
eg327	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA
h38	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDK		
h41	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE		NKPVRITNVA NKPVRITNVA
p20	IDIATSMTPQ	FSSVSLGAGA	DAPTLSVDDE	GALNVGSKDA	NKPVRITNVA
	501				550
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eg329	PGVKEGDVIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAQAI	ATAGLVOAYL
pmc21	PGAKEGDAIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGIAOAI	ATAGLVQAYL
HiaNm	PGVKEGDVIN	AWOT KCAWON		NARAGTAOAI	ATAGLAQAYL
h15	PGVKEGDVIN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGTAGAI	ATAGLAQAYL
BZ10	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN		NARAGTAOAT	ATAGLVQAYL
bz198	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN		NAPACTACAT	ATAGLVQAYL
eg327		VAQLKGVAQN		NADACTACAT	ATAGLVQAYL
h38	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN		NADACIAOAT	ATAGLVQAYL
h41	PGVKEGDVTN	VAQLKGVAQN		NADACIACAT	ATAGLAQAYL
p20	PGVKEGDVT	1 VAQLKGVAQN	I TWWKTDWAWG	MANAGENY	71111011119111
	551				600
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pmc21	PGKSMMAIG	CUADCEVCA:	TCVSSTSDG(NWIIKGTAS	NSRGHFGASA
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h15	PGKSMMAIG	G GTIKGEAGIA	Y ICAGGIGDAM	S NWVTKGTAS	NSRGHFGTSA
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bz198	PGKSMMAIG	G DTYRGEAGY	W TGISSTSDG	C MALINCING	NSRGHFGASA
eg327	PGKSMMAIG	G GTYRGEAGY	H TGISSISDG	C MMIINGIVO	NSRGHFGASA
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h41		G GTYLGEAGY	A IGYSSISAG	C MATTVATAS.	G NSRGHFGASA
p 20	PGKSMMAIG	G GTYLGEAGY.	A IGISSISDT	G MMATVGIWD	G NSRGHFGTSA

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FIG. 7 cont'd

601
eg329 SVGYQW*
pmc21 SVGYQW*
HiaNm SVGYQW*
h15 SVGYQW*
bz10 SVGYQW*
bz198 SVGYQW*
eg327 SVGYQW*
h38 SVGYQW*
h41 SVGYQW*
p20 SVGYQW*

i

SEQUENCE LISTING

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Leu A	eg aca la Thr 10														437
	ca aga co Arg														485
	g ttg al Leu														533

	gta Val															581
	cta Leu															629
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Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Arg Pro Arg Lys Lys Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp 50 55 60 ~~

Pro Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu 65 70 75 80

Gly Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val 85 90 95

Tyr Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys 100 105 110

Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr 115 120 125

Ser Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys 130 135 140

Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr 145 150 150 160

Lys Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr 165 170 175

Thr Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu 180 185 - 190

Asn Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp 195 200 205

Glu Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp 210 215 220

Asn Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp 225 230 235 240

Phe Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys 245 250 255

Thr Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu 260 265 270

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vii

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			aaa Lys 100													336
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			ctg Leu													624
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viii

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iх

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tac gcc atc ggc Tyr Ala Ile Gly			p Thr Gly Asn		3
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Asp	Asp 370	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile	Thr 375	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val 380	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp
Ala 385	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln 390	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly 395	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser 400
Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly 405	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val 410	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val 415	Ser
Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly 420	Lys	Met	Asp	Glu	Thr 425	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala 430	Gly	Asn
Asn	Ile	Glu 435	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn	Gly 440	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile 445		Thr	Ser
Met	Thr 450	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser 455	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala 460	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala
Pro 465	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp 470		Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu 475	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys 480
Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro 485	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn 490	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val 495	Lys

хi

Glu	Gly	Asp	Val 500	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Gln 505	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala 510	Gln	Asn	
Leu	Asn	Asn 515	Arg	Ile	Asp	Asn	Val 520	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala	Arg 525	Ala	Gly	Ile	
Ala	Gln 530	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ala 535	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala 540	Туг	Leu	Pro	Gly	
Lys 545	Ser	Met	Met	Ala	Ile 550	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr	Tyr 555	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly 560	
Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly	Tyr 565	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asp 570	Thr	Gly	Asn	Trp	Val 575	Ile	
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Ser	Val	Gly 595	Tyr	Gln	Trp											
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	l> CI		(178	5)												
)> 6															
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-	_	-					_					-	-	tcc Ser	_	96
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														caa Gln		192
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														gag Glu 95		288
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							_							ttc Phe		384
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xii

Tyr	Ser 130	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu 135	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 140	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	
					gca Ala 150											480
					ttt Phe											528
					aac Asn											576
					acc Thr											624
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					gtt Val 230											720
					tac Tyr											768
					aat Asn											816
					gcg Ala											864
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					gtg Val 310											960
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caa Gln	gct Ala	gac Asp	aag Lys 340	ttt Phe	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr 345	tca Ser	ggc Gly	aca Thr	aat Asn	gta Val 350	acc Thr	ttt Phe	1056
gct Ala	agt Ser	ggt Gly 355	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala 360	act Thr	gta Val	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp 365	gat Asp	caa Gln	ggc Gly	1104
		Thr			tat Tyr										gtc Val	1152
	-	-			-				-	-			-	-	gca Ala	1200

xiii

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	gtc aac att aat gcc Val Asn Ile Asn Ala 425		
acc cgc aac ggt aaa Thr Arg Asn Gly Lys 435	aat atc gac atc gcc Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala 440	act tcg atg gcg Thr Ser Met Ala 445	ccg cag 1344 Pro Gln
	ctc ggt gcg ggg gcg Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala 455		
gtg gat gac gag ggc Val Asp Asp Glu Gly 465	gcg ttg aat gtc ggc Ala Leu Asn Val Gly 470	agc aag gat acc Ser Lys Asp Thr 475	aac aaa 1440 Asn Lys 480
ccc gtc cgc att acc Pro Val Arg Ile Thr 485	aat gtc gcc ccg ggc Asn Val Ala Pro Gly 490	Val Lys Glu Gly	gat gtt 1488 Asp Val 495
aca aac gtc gca caa Thr Asn Val Ala Gln 500	ctt aaa ggc gtg gcg Leu Lys Gly Val Ala 505	caa aac ttg aac Gln Asn Leu Asn 510	aac cgc 1536 Asn Arg
atc gac aat gtg gac Ile Asp Asn Val Asp 515	ggc aac gcg cgt gcg Gly Asn Ala Arg Ala 520	ggc atc gcc caa Gly Ile Ala Gln 525	gcg att 1584 Ala Ile
gca acc gca ggt cta Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu 530	gtt cag gcg tat ctg Val Gln Ala Tyr Leu 535	ccc ggc aag agt Pro Gly Lys Ser 540	atg atg 1632 Met Met
gcg atc ggc ggc gac Ala Ile Gly Gly Asp 545	act tat cgc ggc gaa Thr Tyr Arg Gly Glu 550	gcc ggt tac gcc Ala Gly Tyr Ala 555	atc ggc 1680 Ile Gly 560
tac tca agt att tcc Tyr Ser Ser Ile Ser 565	gac ggc gga aat tgg Asp Gly Gly Asn Trp 570	Ile Ile Lys Gly	acg gct 1728 Thr Ala 575
tcc ggc aat tcg cgc Ser Gly Asn Ser Arg 580	ggc cat ttc ggt gct Gly His Phe Gly Ala 585	tcc gca tct gtc Ser Ala Ser Val 590	ggt tat 1776 Gly Tyr
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Val Val Val Ser Glu	Leu Thr Arg Asn His	Thr Lys Arg Ala	Ser Ala

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Thr	Val	Ala 35	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45	Thr	Val	Gln
Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp 55	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Glu 60	Pro	Val	Gln	Arg
Thr 65	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 70	Phe	Arg	Ser	Àsp	Lys 75	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu 80
Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Glu 85	Asp	Ser	Asn	Trp	Ala 90	Val	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Glu 95	Lys
Arg	Val	Leu	Lys 100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr 105	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp 110	Asn	Leu
Lys	Ile	Lys 115	Gln	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu 120	Asn	Thr	Asn	Asp	Ser 125	Ser	Phe	Thr
Tyr	Ser 130	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu 135	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 140	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu
Lys 145	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala 150	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val 155	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp 160
Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn 165	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr 170	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly 175	Asp
Pro	Thr	Val	His 180	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly 185	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp 190	Thr	Leu
Leu	Asn	Thr 195	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Asn 200	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn 205	Val	Thr	Asp
Asp	Glu 210	Lys	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala 215	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Val 220	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gly
Trp 225	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val 230	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr 235	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asn	Val 240
Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr 245	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu 250	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp 255	Thr
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 260	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 265	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys 270	Lys	Thr
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Lys	Leu 290	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly 295		Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly 300		Ser	Thr	Asp
Glu 305		Glu	Gly	Leu	Val 310		Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 315	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 320
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 325		Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 330		Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 335	Gly
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 340	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 345		Gly	Thr	Asn	Val 350	Thr	Phe
Ala	Ser	Gly 355		Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala 360	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp 365		Gln	Gly

Asn	Ile 370	Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp 375	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp 380	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	
Asn 385	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser 390	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 395	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 400	
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Lys	Met	Asp	Glu 420	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 425	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile 430	Glu	Ile	
Thr	Arg	Asn 435	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp 440	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 445	Ala	Pro	Gln	
Phe	Ser 450	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly 455	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala 460	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser	
Val 465	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala 470	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser 475	Lys	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys 480	
Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 485	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 490	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 495	Val	
Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 500	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 505	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn 510	Asn	Arg	
Ile	Asp	Asn 515	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala 520	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala 525	Gln	Ala	Ile	
Ala	Thr 530	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 535	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro	Gly 540	Lys	Ser	Met	Met	
Ala 545	Ile	Gly	Gly	Asp	Thr 550	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala 555	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 560	
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 565	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp 570	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 575	Ala	
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			acc													14

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	agt Ser 50			-	-	_	-						-		-	192
	gct Ala															240
aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtt Val	aca Thr	gaa Glu 85	gat Asp	tca Ser	aat Asn	tgg Trp	gga Gly 90	gta Val	tat Tyr	ttc Phe	gac Asp	aag Lys 95	aaa Lys	288
	gta Val															336
aaa Lys	atc Ile	aaa Lys 115	caa Gln	aac Asn	acc Thr	aat Asn	gaa Glu 120	aac Asn	acc Thr	aat Asn	gcc Ala	agt Ser 125	agc Ser	ttc Phe	acc Thr	384
tac Tyr	tcg Ser 130	ctg Leu	aaa Lys	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctc Leu 135	aca Thr	gat Asp	ctg Leu	acc Thr	agt Ser 140	gtt Val	gga Gly	act Thr	gaa Glu	432
aaa Lys 145	tta Leu	tcg Ser	ttt Phe	agc Ser	gca Ala 150	aac Asn	agc Ser	aat Asn	aaa Lys	gtc Val 155	aac Asn	atc Ile	aca Thr	agc Ser	gac Asp 160	480
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ctg Leu	aat Asn	acc Thr 195	gga Gly	gcg Ala	acc Thr	aca Thr	aac Asn 200	gta Val	acc Thr	aac Asn	gac Asp	aac Asn 205	gtt Val	acc Thr	gat Asp	624
gac Asp	gag Glu 210	aaa Lys	aaa Lys	cgt Arg	gcg Ala	gca Ala 215	agc Ser	gtt Val	aaa Lys	gac Asp	gta Val 220	tta Leu	aac Asn	gca Ala	ggc Gly	672
tgg Trp 225	aac Asn	att Ile	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val 230	Lys	ccc Pro	ggt Gly	aca Thr	aca Thr 235	Ala	tcc Ser	gat Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val 240	720
gat Asp	ttc Phe	gtc Val	cgc Arg	act Thr 245	Tyr	gac Asp	aca Thr	gtc Val	gag Glu 250	Phe	ttg Leu	agc Ser	gca Ala	gat Asp 255	acg Thr	768
	aca Thr	_		Val			_	-	Lys	-				Arg		816
gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys 275	Ile	ggt Gly	gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr 280	Ser	gtt Val	atc Ile	aaa Lys	gaa Glu 285	Lys	gac Asp	ggt Gly	864
aag Lys	ttg Leu 290	Val	act Thr	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	gac Asp 295	Lys	ggc	gag Glu	aat Asn	gat Asp 300	Ser	tct Ser	aca Thr	gac Asp	912

xvii

	ggc Gly															960
	gct Ala															1008
	gct Ala															1056
gct Ala	agt Ser	ggt Gly 355	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala 360	act Thr	gta Val	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp 365	gat Asp	caa Gln	ggc Gly	1104
aac Asn	atc Ile 370	act Thr	gtt Val	atg Met	tat Tyr	gat Asp 375	gta Val	aat Asn	gtc Val	ggc Gly	gat Asp 380	gcc Ala	cta Leu	aac Asn	gtc Val	1152
	cag Gln															1200
ggt Gly	tct Ser	tcg Ser	ggc Gly	aaa Lys 405	gtc Val	atc Ile	agc Ser	ggc Gly	aat Asn 410	gtt Val	tcg Ser	ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys 415	gga Gly	1248
aag Lys	atg Met	gat Asp	gaa Glu 420	acc Thr	gtc Val	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn 425	gcc Ala	ggc Gly	aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile 430	gag Glu	att Ile	1296
	cgc Arg															1344
	tcc Ser 450															1392
	gat Asp															1440
	gtc Val															1488
	aac Asn			Gln												1536
atc Ile	gac Asp	aat Asn 515	Val	gac Asp	ggc Gly	aac Asn	gcg Ala 520	cgt Arg	gcg Ala	ggc Gly	atc Ile	gcc Ala 525	caa Gln	gcg Ala	att Ile	1584
gca Ala	acc Thr 530	gca Ala	ggt Gly	ctg Leu	gtt Val	cag Gln 535	gcg Ala	tat Tyr	ctg Leu	ccc Pro	ggc Gly 540	aag Lys	agt Ser	atg Met	atg Met	1632
	atc Ile										Gly					1680

xviii

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				cgc Arg												1776
cag Gln		taa 595														1785
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Thr	Val	Ala 35	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45	Thr	Val	Gln	
Ala	Ser 50	Thr	Thr	Asp	Asp	Asp 55	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Glu 60	Pro	Val	Gln	Arg	
Thr 65	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 70	Phe	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys 75	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu 80	
Lys	Glu	Val	Thr	Glu 85	Asp	Ser	Asn	Trp	Gly 90	Val	Tyr	Phe	Asp	Lys 95	Lys	
Gly	Val	Leu	Thr 100	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ile	Thr 105	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp 110	Asn	Leu	
Lys	Ile	Lys 115		Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu 120		Thr	Asn	Ala	Ser 125	Ser	Phe	Thr	
Туг	Ser 130	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu 135	Thr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 140	Val	Gly	Thr	Glu	
Lys 145		Ser		Ser								Ile	Thr		Asp 160	
Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn 165	Phe	Ala	Lys	Lys	Thr 170		Glu	Thr	Asn	Gly 175	Asp	
Thr	Thr	Val	His 180	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly 185		Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp 190		Leu	
Leu	Asn	Thr 195		Ala	Thr	Thr	Asn 200		Thr	Asn	Asp	Asn 205		Thr	Asp	
Asp	Glu 210		Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala 215		Val	Lys	Asp	Val 220	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gly	
Trp 225	Asn	Ile	Lys	Gly	Val 230		Pro	Gly	Thr	Thr 235	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asn	Val 240	
Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	

xix

				245					250					255	
Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 260	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 265	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Lys 270	Arg	Thr
Glu	Val	Lys 275	Ile	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr 280	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu 285	Lys	Asp	Gly
Lys	Leu 290	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Asp 295	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Asp 300	Ser	Ser	Thr	Азр
Lys 305	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val 310	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 315	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 320
Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 325	Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 330	Ala	Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 335	Gly
Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 340	Phe	Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 345	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asn	Val 350	Thr	Phe
Ala	Ser	Gly 355	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala 360	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp 365	Asp	Gln	Gly
Asn	Ile 370	Thr	Val	Met	Tyr	Asp 375	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Asp 380	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val
Asn 385	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser 390	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 395	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 400
Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 405	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn 410	Val	Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys 415	Gly
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Thr	Arg	Asn 435	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp 440	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 445	Thr	Pro	Gln
Phe	Ser 450	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly 455	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala 460	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser
Val 465	Asp	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala 470	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser 475	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys 480
Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 485	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 490	Val	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 495	Val
Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 500	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 505	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn 510	Asn	His
Ile	Asp	Asn 515	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala 520		Ala	Gly	Ile	Ala 525	Gln	Ala	Ile
Ala	Thr 530	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 535		Tyr	Leu ·	Pro	Gly 540		Ser	Met	Met
Ala 545	Ile	Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr 550	Tyr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala 555	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 560
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 565		Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp 570		Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 575	
Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 580	_	Gly	His	Phe	Gly 585		Ser	Ala	Ser	Val 590	Gly	Туr

Gln Trp

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> Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) **RO/AU**

Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu 200

195

205

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att Ile 225	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val	aaa Lys	ccc Pro 230	ggt Gly	aca Thr	aca Thr	gct Ala	tcc Ser 235	gat Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	gat Asp	ttc Phe 240	720
													acg Thr			768
													acc Thr 270			816
													ggt Gly			864
													gac A sp			912
													aac Asn			960
ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met	aaa Lys 325	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr	gct Ala	aat Asn 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr	ggt Gly	caa Gln 335	gct Ala	1008
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ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggt Gly 355	aca Thr	act Thr	gcg Ala	act Thr	gta Val 360	agt Ser	aaa Lys	gat Asp	gat Asp	caa Gln 365	ggc Gly	aac Asn	atc Ile	1104
													gtc Val			1152
													gca Ala			1200
tcg Ser	ggc Gly	aaa Lys	gtc Val	atc Ile 405	agc Ser	ggc Gly	aat Asn	gtt Val	tcg Ser 410	ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys	gga Gly	aag Lys 415	atg Met	1248
gat Asp	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtc Val 420	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 425	aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile	gag Glu	att Ile 430	acc Thr	cgc Arg	1296
													cag Gln			1344
													agc Ser			1392
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xxii

Gly Asp 465	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val 470	Gly	Ser	Lys	Lуз	Asp 475	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val	Arg 480	
att acc															1488
gca caa Ala Gli															1536
gtg gad Val Asp															1584
ggt ctg Gly Len 530	val	_			_			_	-						1632
ggc ggc Gly Gly 545															1680
att to	-														1728
tcg cge Ser Are														taa	1776
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xxiii

Ser 145	Phe	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly 150	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn	Ile 155	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Lys 160
	Leu	Asn	Phe	Ala 165	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly 170		Asn	Gly	Asp	Thr 175	Thr
Val	His	Leu			Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr 185		Thr	Asp	Thr	Leu 190		Asn
Thr	Gly		180 Thr	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr 200		Asp	Asn	Val	Thr 205		Asp	Glu
Lys	_	195 Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser			Asp	Val	Leu			Gly	Trp	Asn
	210 Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro	215 Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala		220 Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	
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Val	Thr 290	Gly	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gly 295	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser 300	Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly
Glu 305	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala 310	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp 315	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala 320
Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys 325	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn 330	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gln 335	Ala
Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu 340	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly 345	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Phe 350	Ala	Ser
Gly	Lys	Gly 355	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val 360	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln 365	Gly	Asn	Ile
Thr	Val 370	Met	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn 375	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu 380	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln
Leu 385	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp 390	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys 395	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser 400
Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	11e 405	Ser	Gly	Asn	۷al	Ser 410		Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys 415	Met
Asp	Glu	Thr	Val 420		Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly 425		Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile 430		Arg
Asn	Gly	Lys 435		Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala 440		Ser	Met	Thr	Pro 445		Phe	Ser
Ser	Val 450		Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly 455		Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr 460		Ser	Val	Asp
Gly 465	_	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val 470		Ser	Lys	Lys	Asp 475		Lys	Pro	Val	Arg 480
Ile	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 485	Pro	Gly	Val	Lys	Glu 490		Asp	Val	Thr	Asn 495	

xxiv

Ala Gln Leu	Lys Gly 500	Val Ala	Gln As 50		Asn A	sn Arg	Ile 510	Asp .	Asn	
Val Asp Gly		Arg Ala	Gly Il 520	e Ala	Gln A	la Ile 525	Ala	Thr	Ala	
Gly Leu Val	. Gln Ala	Tyr Leu 535	Pro Gl	y Lys		et Met 40	Ala	Ile	Gly	
Gly Gly Thi 545	Tyr Arg	Gly Glu 550	Ala Gl	y Tyr	Ala I 555	le Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ser 560	
Ile Ser Asp	Gly Gly 565		Ile Il	e Lys 570	Gly T	hr Ala		Gly 575	Asn	
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atg aac aaa Met Asn Lya 1	i ata tac i Ile Tyr 5	Arg Ile	Ile Tr	p Asn 10	Ser A	la Leu	Asn	Ala 15	Trp	40
gtc gtc gt. Val Val Va	a tcc gag l Ser Glu 20	ctc aca Leu Thr	Arg As	nc cac sn His 25	acc a Thr L	aa cgc ys Arg	gcc Ala 30	tcc Ser	gca Ala	96
acc gtg gc Thr Val Al 3	Thr Ala	gta ttg Val Leu	gcg ac Ala Th 40	ca ctg nr Leu	ttg t Leu P	tt gca he Ala 45	acg Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144
gcg aat gc Ala Asn Al 50	t acc gat a Thr Asp	gac gac Asp Asp 55	Asp Le	a tat eu Tyr	Leu G	aa ccc lu Pro 60	gta Val	caa Gln	cgc Arg	192
act gct gt Thr Ala Va 65										240
aaa gaa gg Lys Glu Gl	t aca gaa y Thr Glu 85	Asp Ser	aat to Asn Ti	gg gca cp Ala 90	gta t Val T	at ttc yr Phe	gac Asp	gag Glu 95	aaa Lys	288
aga gta ct Arg Val Le			lle Th							336
aaa atc aa Lys Ile Ly 11	s Gln Ası									384
agt agc tt Ser Ser Ph 130			Lys L		Leu I					432

														gtc Val		480
														gct Ala 175		528
acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly	gac Asp 180	ccc Pro	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His	ctg Leu 185	aac Asn	ggt Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly	tcg Ser 190	act Thr	ttg Leu	576
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														gac Asp		672
tta Leu 225	aac Asn	gca Ala	ggc Gly	tgg Trp	aac Asn 230	att Ile	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtt Val	aaa Lys 235	ccc Pro	ggt Gly	aca Thr	aca Thr	gct Ala 240	720
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														gac Asp		816
ggc Gly	aag Lys	aaa Lys 275	acc Thr	gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys	atc Ile 280	ggt Gly	gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr	tct Ser 285	gtt Val	att Ile	aaa Lys	864
gaa Glu	aaa Lys 290	gac Asp	ggt Gly	aag Lys	ttg Leu	gtt Val 295	act Thr	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	aaa Lys 300	gac Asp	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly	912
tct Ser 305	tct Ser	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu	ggc Gly 310	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr 315	gca Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile 320	960
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ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr	ggt Gly 340	caa Gln	gct Ala	gac Asp	aag Lys	ttt Phe 345	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr	tca Ser 350	ggc Gly	aca Thr	1056
			Phe					Gly						agt Ser		1104
							Val							ggc Gly		1152
	Leu					Leu								gat Asp		1200

xxvi

	gcg Ala															1248
	agc Ser															1296
	atc Ile															1344
	acc Thr 450															1392
	act Thr															1440
	gcc Ala															1488
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	aac Asn															1584
	caa Gln 530															1632
	agt Ser															1680
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Val	Val	Val	Ser 20		Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn 25		Thr	Lys	Arg	Ala 30	Ser	Ala	

xxvii

Thr	Val	Ala 35	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45	Thr	Val	Gln
Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	qeA	Asp	Asp 55	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Glu 60	Pro	Val	Gln	Arg
Thr 65	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ser 70	Phe	Arg	Ser	Asp	Lys 7 5	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gly	Glu 80
Lys	Glu	Gly	Thr	Glu 85	Asp	Ser	Asn	Trp	Ala 90	Val	Tyr	Phe	qeA	Glu 95	Lys
Arg	Val	Leu	Lys 100	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr 105	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asp 110	Asn	Leu
Lys	Ile	Lys 115	Gln	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu 120	Asn	Thr	Asn	Glu	Asn 125	Thr	Asn	Asp
Ser	Ser 130	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu 135	Lys	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr 140	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser
Val 145	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu 150	Ser	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn 155	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val	Asn 160
Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr 165	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn	Phe 170	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala 175	Gly
Thr	Asn	Gly	Asp 180	Pro	Thr	Val	His	Leu 185	Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ser 190	Thr	Leu
	_	195					200					205		Asn	
	210					215					220			Asp	
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Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr 260	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val 265	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys 270	Asp	Asn
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Glu	Lys 290	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val 295	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	300 Lys	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly
Ser 305		Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly 310	Glu	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr 315	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	11e 320
Asp	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys 325	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg	Met 330		Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala 335	Asn
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Lys	Val	Thr 355		Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn 360		Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr 365		Ser	Lys
Asp	Asp 370		Gly	Asn	Ile	Thr 375		Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val 380		Val	Gly	Asp

xxviii

Ala 385	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln 390	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly 395	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser 400	
Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly 405	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Val 410	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val 415	Ser	
Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly 420	Lys	Met	Asp	Glu	Thr 425	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ala 430	Gly	Asn	
Asn	Ile	Glu 435	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn	Gly 440	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile 445	Ala	Thr	Ser	
Met	Thr 450	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser 455	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala 460	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ala	
Pro 465	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp 470	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu 475	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys 480	
Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro 485	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr	Asn 490	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Val 495	Lys	
Glu	Gly	Asp	Val 500	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala	Gln 505	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val	Ala 510	Gln	Asn	
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Ala	Gln 530	Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ala 535	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala 540	Туг	Leu	Pro	Gly	
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1				5					10		Ala			15		
				Glu					His		aaa Lys					96
acc Thr	gtg Val	aag Lys 35	Thr	gcc Ala	gta Val	ttg Leu	gcg Ala	Thr	ctg Leu	ttg Leu	ttt Phe	gca Ala 45	Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144

xxix

												gta Val	192	
_			_		_			-		-	-	 aat Asn	 240	
-		_								_		gac Asp 95	288	
												gac Asp	336	
												acc Thr	384	
_	_	_					_					ctg Leu	 432	
-	-	-		_								aaa Lys	480	
												acg Thr 175	528	
												tcg Ser	576	
												acc Thr	624	
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_			_							-		 aca Thr	720	
												gag Glu 255	768	
				Thr								aaa Lys	816	
												gtt Val	864	
	_		_		_	_	_					 gag Glu	912	

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	gat Asp															1008
aat Asn	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr 340	ggt Gly	caa Gln	gct Ala	gac Asp	aag Lys 345	ttt Phe	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr 350	tca Ser	ggc Gly	1056
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gat Asp 385	gcc Ala	cta Leu	aac Asn	gtc Val	aat Asn 390	cag Gln	ctg Le u	caa Gln	aac Asn	agc Ser 395	ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aat Asn	ttg Leu	gat Asp 400	1200
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tcg Ser	ccg Pro	agc Ser	aag Lys 420	gga Gly	aag Lys	atg Met	gat Asp	gaa Glu 425	acc Thr	gtc Val	aac Asn	att Ile	aat Asn 430	gcc Ala	ggc Gly	1296
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tcg Ser	atg Met 450	acc Thr	ccg	cag Gln	ttt Phe	tcc Ser 455	agc Ser	gtt Val	tcg Ser	ctc Leu	ggc Gly 460	gcg Ala	GJ Å āāā	gcg Ala	gat Asp	1392
gcg Ala 465	ccc Pro	act Thr	ttg Leu	agc Ser	gtg Val 470	gat Asp	gac Asp	aag Lys	ggc Gly	gcg Ala 475	ttg Leu	aat Asn	gtc Val	ggc Gly	agc Ser 480	1440
aag Lys	gat Asp	gcc Ala	aac Asn	aaa Lys 485	ccc Pro	gtc Val	cgc Arg	att Ile	acc Thr 490	aat Asn	gtc Val	gcc Ala	ccg Pro	ggc Gly 495	gtt Val	1488
aaa Lys	gag Glu	ggg ggg	gat Asp 500	Val	aca Thr	aac Asn	gtc Val	gca Ala 505	caa Gln	ctt Leu	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	gtg Val 510	gcg Ala	caa Gln	1536
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	gcc Ala 530	Gln					Ala					Ala				1632
ggc Gly 545	aag Lys	agt Ser	atg Met	atg Met	gcg Ala 550	Ile	ggc	ggc	ggc	act Thr 555	Tyr	cgc Arg	ggc Gly	gaa Glu	gcc Ala 560	1680
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•	tct Ser	-				tgg Trp	taa 600									1800
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Thr	Val	Lys 35	Thr	Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45	Thr	Val	Gln	
Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asp 55	Glu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu 60	Glu	Pro	Val	Val	
Arg 65	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu 70	Gln	Phe	Met	Ile	Asp 75	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Gly 80	
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Asp	Asn 210		Thr	Asp	Asp	Lys 215		Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala 220	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	
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xxxii

Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp 260	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 265	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	Ser 270	Lys	Asp
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Lys	Glu 290	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu 295	Val	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly 300	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn
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Thr	Asn	Val 355	Thr	Phe	Ala	Ser	Gly 360	Lys	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala 365	Thr	Val	Ser
Lys	Asp 370	Asp	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile 375	Thr	Val	Lys	Tyr	Asp 380	Val	Asn	Val	Gly
Asp 385	Ala	Leu	Asn	Val	Asn 390	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ser 395	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 400
Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 405	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 410	Val	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asn 415	Val
Ser	Pro	Ser	Lys 420	Gly	Ļys	Met	Asp	Glu 425	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 430	Ala	Gly
Asn	Asn	Ile 435	Glu	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn 440	Gly	Lys	Asn	Ile	Asp 445	Ile	Ala	Thr
Ser	Met 450	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser 455	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly 460	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp
Ala 465	Pro	Thr	Leu	Ser	Val 470	Asp	Asp	Lys	Gly	Ala 475	Leu	Asn	Val	Gly	Ser 480
Lys	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys 485	Pro	Val	Arg	Ile	Thr 490	Asn	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly 495	Val
Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp 500	Val	Thr	Asn	Val	Ala 505	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gly	Val 510	Ala	Gln
Asn	Leu	Asn 515	Asn	Arg	Ile	Asp	Asn 520	Val	Asp	Gly	Asn	Ala 525	Arg	Ala	Gly
Ile	Ala 530		Ala	Ile	Ala	Thr 535	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Gln 540	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Pro
Gly 545		Ser	Met	Met	Ala 550		Gly	Gly	Gly	Thr 555		Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala 560
Gly	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly 565		Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser 570		Gly	Gly	Asn	Trp 575	Ile
Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 580		Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 585		Gly	His	Phe	Gly 590		Ser

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

Ala Ser Val Gly Tyr Gln Trp

xxxiii

595

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gtc Val	gcc Ala	gta Val	tcc Ser 20	gag Glu	ctc Leu	aca Thr	cgc Arg	aac Asn 25	cac His	acc Thr	aaa Lys	cgc Arg	gcc Ala 30	tcc Ser	gca Ala	96
эсс Thr	gtg Val	aag Lys 35	acc Thr	gcc Ala	gta Val	ttg Leu	gcg Ala 40	aca Thr	ctg Leu	ttg Leu	ttt Phe	gca Ala 45	acg Thr	gtt Val	cag Gln	144
gcg Ala	aat Asn 50	gct Ala	acc Thr	gat Asp	gaa Glu	gat Asp 55	gaa Glu	gaa Glu	gaa Glu	gag Glu	tta Leu 60	gaa Glu	tcc Ser	gta Val	caa Gln	192
cgc Arg 65	tct Ser	gtc V al	gta Val	GJ A GGG	agc Ser 70	att Ile	caa Gln	gcc Ala	agt Ser	atg Met 75	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	agc Ser	gtc Val	gaa Glu 80	240
ttg Leu	gaa Glu	acg Thr	ata Ile	tca Ser 85	tta Leu	tca Ser	atg Met	act Thr	aac Asn 90	gac Asp	agc Ser	aag Lys	gaa Glu	ttt Phe 95	gta Val	288
gac Asp	cca Pro	tac Tyr	ata Ile 100	gta Val	gtt Val	acc Thr	ctc Leu	aaa Lys 105	gcc Ala	ggc Gly	gac Asp	aac Asn	ctg Leu 110	aaa Lys	atc Ile	336
aaa Lys	caa Gln	aac Asn 115	acc Thr	aat Asn	gaa Glu	aac Asn	acc Thr 120	aat Asn	gcc Ala	agt Ser	agc Ser	ttc Phe 125	acc Thr	tac Tyr	tcg Ser	384
ctg Leu	aaa Lys 130	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctc Leu	aca Thr	ggc Gly 135	ctg Leu	atc Ile	aat Asn	gtt V al	gaa Glu 140	act Thr	gaa Glu	aaa Lys	tta Leu	432
tcg Ser 145	ttt Phe	ggc Gly	gca Ala	aac Asn	ggc Gly 150	aag Lys	aaa Lys	gtc Val	aac Asn	atc Ile 155	ata Ile	agc Ser	gac Asp	acc Thr	aaa Lys 160	480
ggc Gly	ttg Leü	aat Asn	ttc Phe	gcg Ala 165	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	acg Thr	gct Ala	ggg Gly 170	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly	gac Asp	acc Thr 175	acg Thr	528
				Gly	atc Ile				Leu							576
acc Thr	gga Gly	gcg Ala 195	Thr	aca Thr	aac Asn	gta Val	acc Thr 200	Asn	gac Asp	aac Asn	gtt Val	acc Thr 205	Asp	gac Asp	gag Glu	624

xxxiv

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			gtt Val													720
			tac Tyr													768
			aat Asn 260													816
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gtt Val	act Thr 290	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	aaa Lys	ggc Gly 295	gag Glu	aat Asn	ggt Gly	tct Ser	tct Ser 300	aca Thr	gac Asp	gaa Glu	ggc Gly	912
gaa Glu 305	ggc Gly	tta Leu	gtg Val	act Thr	gca Ala 310	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	gtg Val	att Ile	gat Asp 315	gca Ala	gta Val	aac Asn	aag Lys	gct Ala 320	960
ggt Gly	tgg Trp	aga Arg	atg Met	aaa Lys 325	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr	gct Ala	aat Asn 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr	ggt Gly	caa Gln 335	gct Ala	1008
gac Asp	aag Lys	ttt Phe	gaa Glu 340	acc Thr	gtt Val	aca Thr	tca Ser	ggc Gly 345	aca Thr	aaa Lys	gta Val	acc Thr	ttt Phe 350	gct Ala	agt Ser	1056
			aca Thr													1104
			tat Tyr													1152
			agc Ser													1200
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gat Asp	gaa Glu	acc Thr	gtc Val 420	Asn	att Ile	aat Asn	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 425	aac Asn	aac Asn	atc Ile	gag Glu	att Ile 430	acc Thr	cgc Arg	1296
aac Asn	ggc Gly	aaa Lys 435	aat Asn	atc Ile	gac Asp	atc Ile	gcc Ala 440	act Thr	tcg Ser	atg Met	acc Thr	ccg Pro 445	caa Gln	ttt Phe	tcc Ser	1344
		Ser	ctc													1392
gac	gag	ggo	gcg	ttg	aat	gtc	ggc	ago	aag	gat	gcc	aac	aaa	ccc	gtc	1440

xxxv

Asp 465	Glu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn 470	Val	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp 475	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val 480	
cgc Arg														aca Thr 495		1488
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aat Asn	gtg Val	aac Asn 515	ggc Gly	aac Asn	gcg Ala	cgt Arg	gcg Ala 520	ggc Gly	atc Ile	gcc Ala	caa Gln	gcg Ala 525	att Ile	gca Ala	acc Thr	1584
Ala	ggt Gly 530	ctg Leu	gtt Val	cag Gln	gcg Ala	tat Tyr 535	ctg Leu	ccc Pro	ggc Gly	aag Lys	agt Ser 540	atg Met	atg Met	gcg Ala	atc Ile	1632
ggc Gly 545	ggc Gly	ggc Gly	act Thr	tat Tyr	ctc Leu 550	ggc Gly	gaa Glu	gcc Ala	ggt Gly	tat Tyr 555	gcc Ala	atc Ile	ggc Gly	tac Tyr	tca Ser 560	1680
agc Ser	att Ile	tcc Ser	gcc Ala	ggc Gly 565	gga Gly	aat Asn	tgg Trp	att Ile	atc Ile 570	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	acg Thr	gct Ala	tcc Ser 575	ggc Gly	1728
aat Asn	tcg Ser	cgc Arg	ggc Gly 580	cat His	ttc Phe	ggt Gly	gct Ala	tcc Ser 585	gca Ala	tct Ser	gtc Val	ggt Gly	tat Tyr 590	cag Gln	tgg Trp	1776
taa																1779
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)> 1° Asn		Ile	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Ile	Trp	Asn	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ala	Trp	
1				5	_	_,	_	•	10	mi		•		15	3 1-	
Val	Ala	Val	Ser 20	Glu	Leu	Thr	Arg	Asn 25	HIS	Thr	rys	Arg	A1a 30	Ser	Ala	
Thr	Val	Lys 35		Ala	Val	Leu	Ala 40	Thr	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala 45		Val	Gln	
Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asp 55		Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu 60		Ser	Val	Gln	
Arg 65	Ser	Val	Val	Gly	Ser 70		Gln	Ala	Ser	Met 75		Gly	Ser	Val	Glu 80	
Leu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Ser 85		Ser	Met	Thr	Asn 90		Ser	Lys	Glu	Phe 95		

Substitute Sheet (Rule 26) RO/AU

120

Asp Pro Tyr Ile Val Val Thr Leu Lys Ala Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile 100 105 110

Lys Gln Asn Thr Asn Glu Asn Thr Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Thr Tyr Ser

125

xxxvi

Leu	Lys 130	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Gly 135	Leu	Ile	Asn	Val	Glu 140	Thr	Glu	Lys	Leu
Ser 145	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly 150	Lys	Lys	Val	Asn	Ile 155	Ile	Ser	Asp	Thr	Lys 160
Gly	Leu	Asn	Phe	Ala 165	Lys	Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly 170	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ąsp	Thr 175	Thr
Val	His	Leu	Asn 180	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr 185	Leu	Thr	Asp	Met	Leu 190	Leu	Asn
Thr	Gly	Ala 195	Thr	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr 200	Asn	Asp	Asn	Val	Thr 205	Asp	Asp	Glu
Lys	Lys 210	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val 215	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn 220	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn
Ile 225	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Pro 230	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser 235	Asp	Asn	Val	Asp	Phe 240
Vıl	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Asp 245	Thr	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu 250	Ser	Ala	Asp	Thr	Lys 255	Thr
Thr	Thr	Val	Asn 260	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asp 265	Asn	Gly	Lys	Lys	Thr 270	Glu	Val
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Val	Thr 290	Gly	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly 295	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Ser 300	Thr	Asp	Glu	Gly
Glu 305	Gly	Leu	Val	Thr	Ala 310	Lys	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp 315	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Ala 320
Gly	Trp	Arg	Met	Lys 325	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asn 330	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gln 335	Ala
Asp	Lys	Phe	Glu 340	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly 345	Thr	Lys	Val	Thr	Phe 350	Ala	Ser
Gly	Asn	Gly 355	Thr	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val 360	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln 365	Gly	Asn	Ile
Thr	Val 370	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Val	Asn 375	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu 380	Asn	Val	Asn	Gln
Leu 385	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp 390	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys 395	Ala	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser 400
Ser	Gly	Lys	Val	Ile 405	Ser	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser 410	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys 415	Met
Asp	Glu	Thr	Val 420		Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly 425	Asn	Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile 430	Thr	Arg
Asn	Gly	Lys 435	Asn	Ile	Asp	Ile	Ala 440	Thr	Ser	Met	Thr	Pro 445	Gln	Phe	Ser
Ser	Val 450		Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly 455		Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr 460	Leu	Ser	Val	Asp
Asp 465		Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn 470		Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp 475	Ala	Asn	Lys	Pro	Val 480

xxxvii

Arg ite in		/al Ala 185	Pro G	Sly Val	Lys 6	Glu (Gly i	Asp	Val	Thr 495	Asn	
Val Ala Gl	n Leu I 500	Lys Gly	Val A	Ala Gln 505	Asn I	Leu <i>P</i>	Asn 1	Asn	Arg 510	Ile	Asp	
Asn Val As		Asn Ala		Ala Gly 520	Ile F	Ala (Ala 525	Ile	Ala	Thr	
Ala Gly Le 530	u Val (Gln Ala	Tyr L 535	eu Pro	Gly I		Ser 1 540	Met	Met	Ala	Ile	
Gly Gly Gl 545	y Thr 1	Tyr Leu 550	Gly G	Slu Ala		Fyr <i>F</i> 555	Ala :	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser 560	
Ser Ile Se		Gly Gly 565	Asn T	rp Ile	Ile I 570	Lys (Gly '	Thr	Ala	Ser 575	Gly	
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atg aac aa						~~+ /	~~~	~+~	221	$\alpha c c$	+~~	AΩ
Met Asn Ly	s Ile '	Tyr Arg	Ile I	itt tgg Ile Trp	Asn S	agt (Ser <i>l</i>	gcc (ctc Leu	aat Asn	gcc Ala 15	tgg Trp	48
Met Asn Ly	s Ile :	Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc	Ile I	Ile Trp	Asn S	Ser A	Ala : aaa	Leu cgc	Asn gcc	Ala 15 tcc	Trp gca	96
Met Asn Ly gta gtc gt Val Val Val acc gtg gg Thr Val A	ta tcc (al Ser (Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc Glu Leu gcc gta	aca o	Ile Trp cgc aac Arg Asn 25 gcg aca	Asn S 10 cac a His S	acc a Thr 1	aaa Lys	cgc Arg	gcc Ala 30 acg	Ala 15 tcc Ser gtt	Trp gca Ala cag	
Met Asn Ly gta gtc gt Val Val Val acc gtg gg Thr Val A	ta too of serior and serior according according to the serior according to the	Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc Glu Leu gcc gta Ala Val	aca of Thr A	Ile Trp cgc aac Arg Asn 25 gcg aca Ala Thr 40 gaa gat	Asn S 10 cac a His S ctg o Leu B	acc a Thr 1 ctg 1 Leu 3	aaa Lys tcc Ser	cgc Arg gca Ala 45 gaa	gcc Ala 30 acg Thr	Ala 15 tcc Ser gtt Val	Trp gca Ala cag Gln gca	96
gta gtc gt Val Val Val acc gtg gt Thr Val A gcg aat gc	ta tcc (1) at cc (2) acc (2) a	Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc Glu Leu gcc gta Ala Val gat acc Asp Thr	aca control of the first transfer of the fir	cgc aac Arg Asn 25 gcg aca Ala Thr 40 gaa gat Glu Asp	Asn S 10 cac a His S ctg G Leu B gaa G Glu G	acc a Thr 1 ctg Leu gag Glu gat	aaa Lys Lcc Ser Leu 60	cgc Arg gca Ala 45 gaa Glu	gcc Ala 30 acg Thr tcc Ser	Ala 15 tcc Ser gtt Val gta Val	gca Ala cag Gln gca Ala	96 144
gta gtc gt Val Val Va acc gtg gg Thr Val A: gcg aat gg Ala Asn A: 50 cgc tct ga Arg Ser A	ta tcc (1) Ser (20) cg acc (1) a Thr (1) ct acc (1) a Leu	Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc Glu Leu gcc gta Ala Val gat acc Asp Thr gtg ttg Val Leu 70 aca gga	aca control of the second of t	Ile Trp cgc aac Arg Asn 25 gcg aca Ala Thr 40 gaa gat Glu Asp ttc atg Phe Met ata ggt	Asn S 10 cac a His S ctg G Leu I gaa G Glu G ttgg a	acc a Thr 1 ctg 1 Leu 3 gag 1 Glu 1 gat 2 Asp 3	aaaa Lys Lta Leu 60 aaaa Lys	cgc Arg gca Ala 45 gaa Glu gaa Glu	gcc Ala 30 acg Thr tcc Ser ggc Gly	Ala 15 tcc Ser gtt Val gta Val aat Asn	gca Ala cag Gln gca Ala gga Gly 80	96 144 192
gta gtc gi Val Val Val acc gtg gi Thr Val A. gcg aat ga Ala Asn A. 50 cgc tct ga Arg Ser A. 65	ta tcc (1) Ser (20) cg acc (1) Thr (1) ct acc (1) ta Leu (1) ta Le	Tyr Arg 5 gag ctc Glu Leu gcc gta Ala Val gat acc Asp Thr gtg ttg Val Leu 70 aca gga Thr Gly 85 cac ggc	ttg gat gat gat a Asp gat	Ile Trp cgc aac Arg Asn 25 gcg aca Ala Thr 40 gaa gat Glu Asp ttc atg Phe Met ata ggt Ile Gly acc gtt	Asn S 10 cac a His S ctg G Leu I gaa G Glu G ttgg Trp 90 acc a	acc a acc a for 1	Ala : aaaa Lys	cgc Arg gca Ala 45 gaa Glu gaa Clu tat Tyr gcc	Asn gcc Ala 30 acg Thr tcc Ser ggc Gly tac Tyr	Ala 15 tcc Ser gtt Val gta Val aat Asn gac Asp 95 gac	gca Ala cag Gln gca Ala gga Ala gga Gly 80 gat Asp	96 144 192 240

xxxviii

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					gtc Val 150											480
ttt Phe	gcg Ala	aaa Lys	gaa Glu	acg Thr 165	gct Ala	ggg Gly	acg Thr	aac Asn	ggc Gly 170	gac Asp	ccc Pro	acg Thr	gtt Val	cat His 175	ctg Leu	528
aac Asn	ggt Gly	atc Ile	ggt Gly 180	tcg Ser	act Thr	ttg Leu	acc Thr	gat Asp 185	acg Thr	ctt Leu	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	tct Ser 190	tct Ser	gct Ala	576
					ggt Gly											624
					ttg Leu											672
act Thr 225	ggc Gly	tca Ser	aca Thr	act Thr	ggt Gly 230	caa Gln	tca Ser	gaa Glu	aat Asn	gtc Val 235	gat Asp	ttc Phe	gtc Val	cgc Arg	act Thr 240	720
					ttc Phe											768
aat Asn	gtg Val	gaa Glu	agc Ser 260	aaa Lys	gac Asp	aac Asn	ggc Gly	aag Lys 265	aga Arg	acc Thr	gaa Glu	gtt Val	aaa Lys 270	atc Ile	ggt Gly	816
gcg Ala	aag Lys	act Thr 275	tct Ser	gtt Val	att Ile	aaa Lys	gaa Glu 280	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ggt Gly	aag Lys	ttg Leu 285	gtt Val	act Thr	ggt Gly	864
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Val 305	Thr	Ala	Lys	Glu	gtg Val 310	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 315	Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 320	960
atg Met	aaa Lys	aca Thr	aca Thr	acc Thr 325	gct Ala	aat Asn	ggt Gly	caa Gln	aca Thr 330	ggt Gly	caa Gln	gct Ala	gac Asp	aag Lys 335	ttt Phe	1008
					Gly				Thr							1056
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tat Tyr	gat Asp 370	Val	aat Asn	gtc Val	ggc	gat Asp 375	gcc Ala	cta Leu	aac Asn	gtc Val	aat Asn 380	cag Gln	ctg Leu	caa Gln	aac Asn	1152
agc	ggt	tgg	aat	ttg	gat	tcc	aaa	gcg	gtt	gca	ggt	tct	tcg	ggc	aaa	1200

xxxix

Ser 385	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	Asp 390	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 395	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 400	
_		-			_	_	_	-	-		-	_	-	gaa Glu 415		1248
														ggc Gly		1296
														gtt Val		1344
ctc Leu	ggc Gly 450	gcg Ala	ggg Gly	gcg Ala	gat Asp	gcg Ala 455	ccc Pro	act Thr	tta Leu	agc Ser	gtg Val 460	gat Asp	gac A sp	gag Glu	ggc Gly	1392
														att Ile		1440
														gca Ala 495		1488
ctt Leu	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	gtg Val 500	gcg Ala	caa Gln	aac Asn	ttg Leu	aac Asn 505	aac Asn	cgc Arg	atc Ile	gac Asp	aat Asn 510	gtg Val	aac Asn	1536
ggc Gly	aac Asn	gcg Ala 515	cgc Arg	gcg Ala	ggt Gly	atc Ile	gcc Ala 520	caa Gln	gcg Ala	att Ile	gca Ala	acc Thr 525	gca Ala	ggt Gly	ttg Leu	1584
gct Ala	cag Gln 530	gcc Ala	tat Tyr	ttg Leu	ccc Pro	ggc Gly 535	aag Lys	agt Ser	atg Met	atg Met	gcg Ala 540	atc Ile	ggc Gly	ggc Gly	ggt Gly	1632
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<211> 589

<212> PRT

<213> Neisseria meningitidis

<400> 19

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Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Val Leu Ala Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Thr Val Gln

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Ala	Asn 50	Ala	Thr	Asp	Thr	Asp 55	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Leu 60	Glu	Ser	Val	Ala
Arg 65	Ser	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu 70	Gln	Phe	Met	Ile	Asp 75	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asn	Gly 80
Glu	Ile	Glu	Ser	Thr 85	Gly	Asp	Ile	Gly	Trp 90	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Asp 95	Asp
His	Asn	Thr	Leu 100	His	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val 105	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gly 110	Asp	Asn
Leu	Lys	Ile 115	Lys	Gln	Ser	Gly	Lys 120	Asp	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ser 125	Leu	Lys	Lys
Glu	Leu 130	Lys	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser 135	Val	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys 140	Leu	Ser	Phe	Gly
Ala 145	Asn	Gly	Asn	Lys	Val 150	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp 155	Thr	Lys	Gly	Leu	Asn 160
Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Thr 165	Ala	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly 170	Asp	Pro	Thr	Val	His 175	Leu
Asn	Gly	Ile	Gly 180	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Asp 185	Thr	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ser 190	Ser	Ala
Ser	His	Val	Asp	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gln 200	Ser	Thr	His	Tyr	Thr 205	Arg	Ala	Ala
Ser	11e 210	Lys	Asp	Val	Leu	Asn 215	Ala	Gly	Trp	Asn	11e 220	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys
Thr 225	Gly	Ser	Thr	Thr	Gly 230	Gln	Ser	Glu	Asn	Val 235	Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr 240
Tyr	Asp	Thr	Val	Glu 245	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp 250	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 255	Val
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Ala	Lys	Thr 275	Ser	Val	Ile	Lys	Glu 280	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Leu 285	Val	Thr	Gly
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Val 305		Ala	Lys	Glu	Val 310	Ile	Asp	Ala	Val	Asn 315	Lys	Ala	Gly	Trp	Arg 320
Met	Lys	Thr	Thr	Thr 325		Asn	Gly	Gln	Thr 330		Gln	Ala	Asp	Lys 335	
Glu	Thr	Val	Thr 340		Gly	Thr	Lys	Val 345		Phe	Ala	Ser	Gly 350	Asn	Gly
Thr	Thr	Ala 355		Val	Ser	Lys	Asp 360		Gln	Gly	Asn	Ile 365	Thr	Val	Lys
Tyr	Asp		Asn	Val	Gly	Asp		Leu	Asn	Val	Asn 380		Leu	Gln	Asn

Ser 385	Gly	Trp	Asn	Leu	4sp	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala 395	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys 400	
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Val	Asn	Ile	Asn 420	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Ile 425	Glu	Ile	Thr	Arg	Asn 430	Gly	Lys	
Asn	Ile	Asp 435	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Met 440	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser 445	Ser	Val	Ser	
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Asp	Thr	Gly	Asn	Trp 565	Val	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr 570	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser 575	Arg	
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	c gtg r Val		Thr					Thr								144
gc Al	a agt a Sei	Alá	aac a Asr	aat Asn	gaa Glu	gag Glu 55	Gln	Glu	gaa Glu	gat Asp	tta Leu 60	Tyr	tta Leu	gac Asp	ccc Pro	192

N. M.

xlii

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ggc Gly	gac Asp	aac Asn 115	ctg Leu	aaa Lys	atc Ile	aaa Lys	caa Gln 120	aac Asn	ggc Gly	aca Thr	aac Asn	ttc Phe 125	acc Thr	tac Tyr	tcg Ser	384
ctg Leu	aaa Lys 130	aaa Lys	gac Asp	ctc Leu	aca Thr	gat Asp 135	ctg Leu	acc Thr	agt Ser	gtt Val	gga Gly 140	act Thr	gaa Glu	aaa Lys	tta Leu	432
tcg Ser 145	ttt Phe	agc Ser	gca Ala	aac Asn	ggc Gly 150	aat Asn	aaa Lys	gtc Val	aac Asn	atc Ile 155	aca Thr	agc Ser	gac Asp	acc Thr	aaa Lys 160	480
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xliii

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xliv

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<212> PRT

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Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Leu Asp Pro 50 55 60

Val Gln Arg Thr Val Ala Val Leu Ile Val Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly
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Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Ser Asp Trp Ala Val Tyr 85 90 95

Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Val Leu Thr Ala Arg Glu Ile Thr Leu Lys Ala 100 105 110

Gly Asp Asn Leu Lys Ile Lys Gln Asn Gly Thr Asn Phe Thr Tyr Ser 115 120 125

Leu Lys Lys Asp Leu Thr Asp Leu Thr Ser Val Gly Thr Glu Lys Leu

Ser Phe Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Lys Val Asn Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Lys 145 150 155 160

Gly Leu Asn Phe Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Gly Thr Asn Gly Asp Thr Thr

Val His Leu Asn Gly Ile Gly Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Asn 180 185 190

Thr Gly Ala Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Asp Asp Glu
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Lys Lys Arg Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Asp Val Leu Asn Ala Gly Trp Asn 210 215220

Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Thr Ala Ser Asp Asn Val Asp Phe 225 230 235 240

Val Arg Thr Tyr Asp Thr Val Glu Phe Leu Ser Ala Asp Thr Lys Thr 245 250 255

Thr Thr Val Asn Val Glu Ser Lys Asp Asn Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Val

Lys Ile Gly Ala Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly Lys Leu

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xlv

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xlvi

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xlvii

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU 98/01031

A.	CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		<u> </u>
Int Cl ⁶ :	C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31		-
According to	International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC	
В.	FIELDS SEARCHED		
	mentation searched (classification system followed by c	lassification symbols)	
Int Cl ⁶ :	C07K 14/22; C12N 15/31		
Documentation As below	searched other than minimum documentation to the ext	ent that such documents are included in t	the fields searched
	base consulted during the international search (name of		terms used)
CA WPAT Medline) Neisseria meningitidis adhesins G	TREMBL) SENPEPT) Application WISS PROT PIR)	nt's sequences
C.	DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	VIRGI, M. Adv. in Exp. Med and Biol. 1996. 40	98 : 113-122	ALL
A	RUDEL, T. et al. Nature 1995. 373: 357-359		ALL
A	VIRGI, M. et al. Mol Microbiol. 1992. 6(19): 27	85-2795	ALL
	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family an	inex
"A" document of comment of commen	al categories of cited documents: nent defining the general state of the art which is onsidered to be of particular relevance r application or patent but published on or after atternational filing date thernational filing date inent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) inch is citied to establish the publication date of er citation or other special reason (as specified) ment referring to an oral disclosure, use, intion or other means ment published prior to the international filing but later than the priority date claimed	priority date and not in conflict with understand the principle or theory understand the principle or theory understand to particular relevance; the be considered novel or cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive combined with one or more other sucombination being obvious to a pers	the application but cited to inderlying the invention accumulation and invention cannot insidered to involve an a taken alone a claimed invention cannot be step when the document is ach documents, such an skilled in the art
	tual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sear	rch report
7 January 199		2 1 JAN 1999 Authorized officer	
· ·		GILLIAN ALLEN	·
Facsimile No.	: (02) 6285 3929	Telephone No.: (02) 6283 2266	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/AU 98/01031

Box 1 Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. X Claims Nos.: (A) 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9; (B) 20(1) and 21 because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
(A) Claims 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9 are not clear. They are essentially to polypeptides which have immunological activity against themselves or their parent organism (Neisseria meningitidis). This concept is virtually meaningless.
continued
Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims
As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU 98/01031

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Antigens d not display immunol gical activity against themselves, r the rganism from which they derive. However, as far as I can determine, these claims are intended to encompass ither:

- (i) antigenic polypeptides or their encoding nucleic acids according to claims 1, 4 or 7, which provide protective immunity to an animal or human against Neisseria meningitidis infection, or
- (ii) antibodies to such antigenic polypeptides.

Since these concepts are covered by other claims the lack of search on these claims does not affect the search coverage of the claims in toto.

(B) Claims 20(1) and 21 are to any antibodies against Neisseria meningitidis. They lack support from the description as they are not limited to antibodies to the polypeptides of the invention.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet) (July 1998) cophin